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The "Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

PUBLISHED THRICE DAILY.

THE

Bombay Gazette

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Date of Sailing. 2-30 P. M.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons
5th June	ARABIA	7903	......	...
12th "	SALSETTE	6000	VICTORIA	6522
19th "	OCEANA	6610	......	...
26th "	HIMALAYA	6898	MOOLTAN	9621
3rd July	PERSIA	7951	......	...
10th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7912
17th "	HIMALAYA	6898	......	...
24th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
31st "	EGYPT	7912	......	...
7th Augt.	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
14th "	ARABIA	7903	......	...
21st "	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	11000
28th "	OCEANA	6610	......	...

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi tranship to a connecting Steamer at Port Said excepting in cases of the "Egypt," "Arabia" and "Oceana" sailing in May and June which will proceed through to Brindisi.

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Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 1 and 1-30 o'clock p. m. for Medical inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on board the Mail Steamer unless so examined and conveyed thence in the Company's Tenders. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

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AUSTRIAN UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

DIRECT LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain	To sail on
TRIESTE	5,095	S. Olivaski	1st July 1909

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE are available for two years.

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1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste the St. Gothards and other Routes.

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Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company which takes about 8 hours to cross the Gulf, but during the Passengers' Season (March, April and May) all the Steamers of the direct Line will call on their Homeward voyages first at Venice and then at Trieste.

STEAM TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, AND KOBE.

Steamers.	Tons	Captain.	To sail on or about.
SILESIA	5,159	F. Radonicich	24th June 1909

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Weekly from Victoria Dock Wall No. 14 Shed.

Steamers.	Tons.	Sailing Date.	Time, about
GOALPARA	2,140	Mon 7th June	noon.
KASARA	1,195	Thur 3rd June	9 a. m.
LINGA	2,171	Fri. 4th June	6 a. m. †

† Or later on arrival of English mail steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "GOALPARA," 2,140 tons, 7th June, calling at Karachi, Pasni, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSREH (Weekly).

S. S. "KASARA," 1,195 tons, on THURSDAY, 3rd June calling (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Bushire, Koweit, Mahomera and Busreh, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Bagdad.

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Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius Australia, and New Zealand.

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Agents, BOMBAY.

1st June, 1909.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	Riquier	10th June 1909
SALAZIE	4,147	Magnen	8th July "
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,378	Barillon	5th Aug. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	2nd Sept. "
DUMBEA	5,685	Boyer	30th Sept. "
SYDNEY	4,118	Rebufat	28th Oct. 1909.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione Generale Italiana's at Reduced Far

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,538	Martin	13th June 1909.
DUMBEA	5,685	Boyer	16th July "

For further particulars apply to—

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Albert Building, Hornby Road.

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FOR BRINDISI and VENICE
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Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
R. RUBATTINO	4,506	L. Mancini	15th June 1909.
D. BALDUINO	4,580	D. Maganzini	15th July 1909.
R. RUBATTINO	4,580	L. Manchini	15th Aug. 1909.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	Rs. 600 *	Rs. 385	Rs. 165
Return tickets available two years	" 900 *	" 575	

* Inside Cabins, Rs. 500 Single and Rs. 750 Return.

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INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
CAPRI	6,000	T. Dini	17th June 1909.
ISCHIA	6,000	G. Belsito	17th July 1909.
CAPRI	6,000	T. Dini	17th Aug. 1909.

Fares to COLOMBO Rs. 75, to PENANG Rs. 140, to SINGAPORE Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.

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MARVEL UPON MARVEL!
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but without running a doctor's bill or falling into the deep ditch of quackery, may safely, speedily and economically cure himself without the knowledge of a second party. By the introduction of
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THE BANK OF INDIA, LD

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE: ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED	Rs. 1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP	" 50,00,000
RESERVE FUND	" 1,75,000

DIRECTORS:

SIR SASSOON DAVID, Kt., Chairman. (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., (Bombay.)
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SIR FREDERICK LEIGH CROFT, Bart.
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LALUBHAI SAMALDAS, Esq. (Bhownuggur.)
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JENARRAYEN HINDOOMULL DANI, Esq. (Moonim of Rajah Bahadur Sewlal Motilal, Bombay.)
The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA C.I.E.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balance from Rs. 200 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half-year will be allowed.

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Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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The Banks grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon: they also undertake the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

H. P. STRINGFELLOW,
Manager.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 14,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG,

J. R. M. SMITH, *Chief Manager*

LONDON BANKERS:
LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, Ld.

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WM. GAIR RATHBONE, Esq (Director Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co.).

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BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SHANGHAI
CALCUTTA	MANILA.	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO.	NAGASAKI.	SOURABAYA
FOOCHOW,	NEW YORK.	TIENTSIN.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	YOKOHAMA.
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This is a sound and serviceable Timekeeper on which the utmost dependence can be placed.

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4 inch dial Striking hours and half hours	65 0 0
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THE
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1909.

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INVALID'S PORT
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SECOND TO NONE.
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2,875 MILES THROUGH INDIA.

"NO TYRE TROUBLES."

TAJ MAHAL PALACE HOTEL,
Bombay, May 17th, 1909.

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Travelling via Lucknow, Cawnpore, Agra, Delhi, Gwalior, through Sipri, Goona, Indore, Mhow, Dhulia to Bombay, since the car left the Works at Coventry, there has not been a single occasion to pump up the front tyres, the only trouble I had with the back tyres was three punctures owing to picking up nails, and they certainly look like running another 1,500 miles, however I will let you know the result. I should imagine this must be a record for tyres in India especially, as the run was done during the end of April, which is the hot season.

Yours truly,
(Sd.) J. WILKINSON.

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Is the only remedy for CHOLERA. Re. 1.
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BATLIWALLA'S RINGWORM OINTMENT
Cures in a day. As 4 per pot.
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STEAM, HAND, HORSE, BELT & ELECTRIC POWER.
MINING & IRRIGATION PUMPS A SPECIALITY.

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VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/9. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A NEW medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from THE VETARZO REMEDIES Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

S. S. "LAUGTON HALL"

ARRIVED ON 1st JUNE, 1909.

CONSIGNEES are requested TO TAKE DELIVERY of their CARGO from the DOCK. Chafed or Broken Packages must be surveyed before removal from the Landing Shed, otherwise no claim will be recognized. The Undersigned decline to survey goods removed to the Unclaimed Warehouse.

Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in boats, at steamer's option, at their risk and expense.

Captain Metcalfe will attend every morning to survey damages, etc., and all claims must be certified to by him and sent in within a month of steamer's arrival, or they will not be paid.

KILLICK, NIXON & CO., *Agents.*

Messrs. EDWARD BATES and SONS' AGENCY, Home Street, Bombay, 1st June, 1909.

MATHERAN STEAM TRAMWAY.

THE MATHERAN STEAM TRAMWAY will be CLOSED early in June for the monsoon. The exact date will be notified hereafter.

A. MUIRHEAD, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 1st June, 1909.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

CLOSING OF THE KHOPOLI BRANCH DURING THE MONSOON.

WITH effect from the 15th June, 1909, and until further notice the KHOPOLI BRANCH LINE will be CLOSED for all descriptions of Through and Local Traffic.

A. MUIRHEAD, General Traffic Manager.

Bombay, 1st June, 1909.

THE MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent, Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, Rayapuram, up to WEDNESDAY, the 30th June, 1909, for the supply of 1,500 tons of first class TEAK TIMBER in LOGS.

2. Forms of Tender and specification can be obtained at the office of the Loco. and Carriage Superintendent, Perambur Works, on payment of a fee of two rupees each set.

3. Tenders to be enclosed in sealed covers, superscribed "Tenders for Teak Timber" and addressed to the Agent, M. and S. M. Railway, Rayapuram.

4. Every Tender must be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 1,000. This amount should be paid into a Presidency Bank to the credit of the M. and S. M. Railway Company or to the Company's Cashier at Madras, and the receipt for the same sent along with the Tender. This earnest money will be returned to unsuccessful Tenderers, but retained towards the security required from successful Tenderers. Vide Clause 5 below.

5. The successful Tenderer will be required to furnish cash security equal to 5 per cent. of the total value of the contract and also to execute a formal agreement with the Company within ten days of the acceptance of his Tender; failing this, his deposit of Rs. 1,000 will be forfeited to the Company.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

BOMBAY, 21st MAY, 1909.

TO,

Messrs. F. C. CALVERT & CO., MANCHESTER.

SIRS,—With reference to the Criminal proceedings instituted on your behalf in the Esplanade Police Court, against me for SELLING SOAP bearing a LABEL in IMITATION of the Label appearing on the Tablets of your wellknown No. 5 CARBOLIC SOAP, I hereby express my unqualified regret and APOLOGISE for having allowed Soap bearing the Label complained of to be sold in my shop, by my servant, Velchand Ramchand. I hereby undertake that I will NOT in future SELL or ALLOW TO BE SOLD or be concerned in the sale of Soap bearing such Label or any other label which you may consider to be an imitation of your said Label.

You are at liberty to publish this Apology and to make such other use thereof as you may think fit.

Yours faithfully,
(Sd.) L. D. VAKIL,
Carrying on business as Messrs. B. L. Gupta and Co.

WITNESS:—
(Sd.) G. F. D. TENNANT,
Solicitor, Bombay.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 746 of 1898.

(1) CHHOTALAL DALSUKHRAM and another ... ... Plaintiffs.

v/s.

NARAYAN ELSETTI, heir and legal representative of ELSETTI SETTIBA... Defendant.

PURSUANT to the Decree made in the above suit and bearing date, the 17th day of December, 1908, the following immoveable properties will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd day of June, 1909, at the hour of half past three o'clock in the afternoon, (Standard Time.)

PARTICULARS.

FIRSTLY:—All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiffs as executors of the last Will and Testament of Bai Gulab, widow of Jamnadas Ranchoddas and of the original defendant Elsetti Settiba and of his heir and legal representative Narayan Elsetti Settiba, the present defendant in the following properties, viz: Lot No. 1. All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse standing thereon, situate at 13, Kamatipura Street, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement ninety-one square yards and four-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of Assessment under Ward No. 2036, Street No. 105, and by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 4580 and 4581, New No. 4025, Old Survey No. 4113 and 4114, New Survey No. 214/6555 and bounded on the east by the property of Jungund Rajuna Babaji, on the west by the property of the said Settiba Venkati, on the south by the 13th Kamatjpura lane and on the north by the sweeper's passage.

SECONDLY:—All the right, title and interest of the Plaintiffs and the Defendant abovenamed in all that piece or parcel of land or ground with a messuage, tenement or dwellinghouse formerly forming part of a house belonging to Elsetti Settiba Venkati, situate in the 13th Kamatipura lane, outside the Fort, in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, containing by admeasurement forty square yards and three-ninths of another square yard or thereabouts, assessed by the Collector of land Revenue under Old No. 4538, New No. 11003, Old Survey No. 4076, New Survey No. 6569, and assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipality under Ward No. 2082 and 2083, Street No. 116-118 and bounded on the east by the property formerly of Vadi-Venkati but now of the said Settiba Venkati, on the west by the property of Jati Sayaba, on the north by the 13th Kamatipura Street and on the south by the sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, application should be made at the office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. Madhavji Kamdar and Chotubhai, Attorneys for the Plaintiffs abovenamed, at No. 121, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.—Dated this 1st day of April, 1909.

R. D. SETHNA, Commissioner.

HIGHER ACCOUNTANCY AND SECRETARIAL EXAMINATIONS OF LONDON.

APPLICATIONS are invited from Candidates desirous of appearing for the CORPORATE ACCOUNTANTS and the INCORPORATED SECRETARIES (London) Examinations to be conducted at Bombay in December next. Full particulars as to course of studies, fees may be obtained from

THE COMMERCIAL TRAINING COLLEGE,
86, Church Gate Street,
Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., from the 1st proximo will be 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz,, Rs. 37-8 per annum or Rs. 30 per cash in advance, including delivery.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

DICK'S PATENT CANVAS AND BALATA BELTING.

THE BEST BELTS for Mills, Factories and Railway Workshops. Absolutely Unequalled For Heavy Drives.

SOLE AGENTS:—
W CROWDER & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

SCOTTISH ALLIANCE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

WE have, THIS DAY, been APPOINTED AGENTS, of the above Company.

FINLAY MUIR & CO.

Bombay, 1st June, 1909.

TO SMOKERS ONLY.

HIGH CLASS INDIAN CIGARS

Manufactured by the leading Cigar Manufacturers of India:—
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The best in Dutch Havanas, and Real Manilla Cigars.

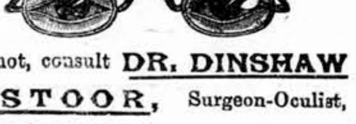
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PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION.

ORIENTAL CIGAR CO.,
69, MEDOWS STREET,
BOMBAY.

Beware of Ambiguous Advertisements.

Have your Eyes been examined by a qualified man!



If not, consult DR. DINSHAW DASTOOR, Surgeon-Oculist, (London.)

"A Thoroughly able and qualified Ophthalmic Surgeon and a neat and skilful operator" as certified to in writing by the Senior Surgeons and Professors of London Eye Hospitals.

Eyes will be examined (free of charge) to correct Errors of Refraction.

STOCK:—Of latest improved styles.

PRICES:—Exceedingly moderate.

CAUTION:—This is the only Original firm of

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Oppt. "The Bombay Club," and next door to the Fine Art Gallery.

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All Varieties of pure COUNTRY GLUE supplied in large or small quantities.

ADDRESS:—GANIBHAI HUSANBHAI, Glue Merchants, Bhendy Bazaar, near Nawab Musjid. Post No. 9.

GLUE MADE IN OUR OWN FACTORY

TO GLUE MERCHANTS, BOOK-BINDERS, PRINTERS AND CONTRACTORS.

WE have OPENED a FACTORY at Ahmedabad to manufacture the well-known glue on a large scale.

This glue is pure and suitable for printers and book-binders for general use. A trial is solicited.

For further particulars, please apply to our Bombay firm, Messrs. KAGDI YASINBHAI RAHIMBHAI, Glue Merchants, Erskine Road, Nul Bazar, Bombay.

Beauty's Secret.



ICILMA FLUOR CREAM, England's premier face-cream, is the only really SAFE face-cream. Delightfully refreshing, it frees the skin from tan, chaps, roughness, redness, wrinkles and insect bites. It contains no grease, but is Nature's simple secret for Beauty. No other cream is so cleansing, so beneficial or so harmless.

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is deliciously fragrant and foamy, and imparts the marvellous cleansing and toning virtures of ICILMA NATURAL WATER. Cannot grow hair, needs no powder, and has none of the dangerous after-effects of greasy creams. Most economical of all creams. Use Icilma Fluor Cream daily and watch your skin grow clearer.

AFTER SHAVING Icilma Fluor Cream cools and soothes, it removes all irritation and if rubbed on over night makes shaving surprisingly easy.

[*Icilma is pronounced—eye-silma.*]

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ICILMA CO., Ld., London, E.C., England.

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MANUFACTURERS OF PATENT WROUGHT IRON & STEEL HINGES

Telegraphic Address: "HINGES BIRMINGHAM." Telephone No. 1878.



Specify "GOLD & CO." on all Indents sent through Shippers.

"SPECIAL SHORT" ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants &c. Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Three lines—Per insertion One Rupee. Every additional line. Eight Annas.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—Will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin. Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

REPAIRS OF Rs. 1-8 within 25 years. I take this opportunity to tell you that Singer's Sewing Machine, which purchased 25 years ago, has required only Rs. 1-8 for repairs, and it is still going strong of all parts. I. R. Gardener, 19, Forbes Street, Bombay.

DR. W. COOK, M.A., M.D., writes:—"KADI" saved a life in Bronchitis, as there was every indication of speedy death. DR. O. S. writes from LONDON:—"A 6 months' bedridden case of ASTHMA was relieved at once by "KADI" and in 3 days was as well as usual." (Original Testimonials open to inspection). "Kadi" is wonderful for COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, COLDS and PNEUMONIA. Rs. 1-8-0.—D. SPECIFIC Co., Oppt. "Bombay Club," Fort.

AN INVITATION—Meals which cost Rs. 2 and Rs. 3 elsewhere can be got at the RAILWAY HOTEL, Bombay, Grant Road, for nearly half the rate. Give it a trial and judge for yourself. Only genuine Wines and Liquors stocked and sold at moderate rates. Brand new Billiard Tables. Very easy terms for permanent residents. Dinners serve till late hours.

BANGALORE.—FOR SALE.—A commodious and lofty UPPER-ROOMED HOUSE, with excellent grounds, out-offices, and stabling, having loose-boxes arranged and built in the English style, located in a healthy and quiet part of Bangalore. Any reasonable offer will be accepted. For particulars apply to No. 553, care of the "Bombay Gazette."

BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and Summary of Trade. Published Weekly, on the Departure of the Overland Mail for Europe, containing a Specially-Written Market Report, Freight Report, &c., Summary of Cotton Reports during the Week, Imports and Exports of Bullion, Comparative Summaries of Exports, Comparative Summaries of Imports of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain, Share Lists and Rates of Exchange List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, and Arrivals and Departures of Vessels during the Week, Charters and Engagements. Annual Subscription in advance, Rs. 10. Sing copy Annas 4. "Bombay Gazette" Office, Green Street.

BOOK-BINDER WANTED, capable of taking charge of large bindery in the Punjab. Write stating wages and experience to Box No 1726, care of this paper.

EDUCATION.—LADY living in healthy part of England and having one little girl, aged 10, would like charge of one more. Good day school. Terms moderate. Excellent references.—W, care of this Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d to 1s. 4 1/32. Also includes Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Rs. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ENVELOPES.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs. 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application to "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Offices have been MOVED from the premises in Armenian Lane and Medows Street, and are now located at 2 GREEN STREET (behind the Bank of Bombay), where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotations given for all classes of Printing Work Binding, Stationery, etc.

FOR SALE.—A large number of PARKER LUCKY CURVE FOUNTAIN PENS fitted with gold nibs. The best and clearest pen in the market. Prices on application, to "A. B. C.", C/o. this Paper.

FOR SALE.—A Gent's QUADRANT BICYCLE, in good order, almost new. Cost Rs. 180, Price Rs. 100. Apply Box No. 1628, care of "The Bombay Gazette."

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKEY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81, Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whiskey may be had from Messrs. FINLAY MUIR & Co., Bombay.

GOVERNMENT SERVANT SUPPLIERS. Messrs. OLIVER and Co., undertake the Supply of Labour in General Clerks. The original and only firm that supplies thoroughly efficient and reliable High Class Servants, patronized by the Officers of the Services, especially First Class Goanese and Mahomedan Servants whom we guarantee. For Bombay Rs. 2, Moffusil Rs. 3 each servant which stands good for six months. No. 21, Ch. G. St, (First Floor), Fort, Bombay, Established 1873.

GUARANTEE.—"Giras and Guarantee." A Collection of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and their Guaranteed Rights. By L. P. Parekh Rs 6 Apply Box No. 403, c/o "Bombay Gazette" Office.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the Bombay Gazette Electric Printing Works, 2, Green Street, Fort.

JOINT STOCK COMPANIES.—Proxy and Transfer Forms at Two Annas each. Special Quotations for large quantities with name of Company included. Apply at THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Leading Cases. By W. E. H. Bo. 1. Apply Box No. 404 c/o Bombay Gazette" Office.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 8 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy: over 12 months old, an additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

OVERLAND "SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET."—Published Weekly (on Saturdays) in time for the English Mail. A complete rechauffe of Indian News particularly interesting to Anglo-Indians, retired or on leave. Subscription, inclusive of postage, One Sovereign or Rs. 15 per annum. Back numbers, if available, 8 annas each up to 12 months old; over 12 months, an additional rupee for every year.

PROOF READER WANTED for large Up-country Press, SUPERIOR EURASIAN, must be able to pass finals for Press. State Salary and Experience to Box No. 1725, care of this paper.

RAJA DEEN DAYAL AND SONS' ART PHOTOGRAPHIC SALON will be CLOSED and the Stock, &c., TRANSFERRED to the HEAD OFFICES, at Secunderabad (Deccan), where orders and enquiries will receive the usual prompt attention.

RAILWAY GUIDE.—Copies of the Indian Travellers' Railway Guide, with coloured Railway Map, duly corrected, are issued on the 1st of each month and may be had at Messrs. Wheeler and Co's Bookstalls on the principal Railway Station Platforms or at the "Bombay Gazette" Office Price 8 annas.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas, Rs. 5, Apply Box No. 408, c/o. "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petitions, Memorial, Business Announcements, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager. The "Bombay Gazette" Electric Press.

SPECIAL OFFER.—COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—Gazette Commercial." Rs. 2-4 per thousand; and if printed on flap, Rs 3-12 per thousand. Samples on application at "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

TO LET PORTION of a FLAT, in the Fort, Rs. 60 per month. Apply Box No. 1733, care of this Paper.

TO LET.—OFFICE PREMISES with Electric Fittings, on 1st Floor, Cox's Building. Apply to COX and Co., Hornby Road.

TO BE LET.—From 1st June, 4 FURNISHED ROOMS in VICTORIA HALL, Victoria Road, Byculla Stove Servants Quarters, &c. Rent very moderate Apply Box No. 1698 care of this Paper.

THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the Office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 13A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

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THIS IS A NEW INVENTION IN THE world of medicine. It cures with wonderful efficacy Leucoderma (white lepra), Lepra Vulgaris, and all other white spots situated on any part of the human frame. Rs. 4 for internal and external use.—A. WHITE & Co., Chemists, 6 Toollygunge Calcutta.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, No. 1, MARINE STREET.

On FRIDAY, the 4th June, at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at the Janjira Chambers, opposite the Church, Wodehouse Road, Fort, (near the Wellington Fountain), the valuable and handsome French polished teakwood and blackwood household furniture of the latest design, also old English Liberty design furniture by Wimbridge, consisting of dining table, mirrored large side-board and dinner waggon, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, marble and tiled topped tables and teapoys, side and corner cabinets, iron single and double bedsteads, single and double almyrahs, marble-topped dressing and wash-hand tables, clothes press, windproof lamps, carpets, fancy table ornaments, Smith Premier No. 1 Typewriter, etc., the property of Mrs. E. Cunningham and others.

The property of a gentleman—

1 half c. spring rubber tyred Victoria, with bay roan waler horse & harness.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

CRAWFORD & Co.

BOMBAY, 2ND JUNE, 1909.

BENNETT & COMPANY, No. 21, APOLLO STREET.

On SATURDAY, the 5th instant, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S.T.)

1 second-hand glass-fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.
1 second-hand rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.
1 handsome strong rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in very good order.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF HEMP.

On MONDAY, the 7th instant, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction, at New Prince of Wales' Press, at Colaba, by order of Mr. Purshotum Bhimji and on account and risk of Messrs. N. Fatehally and Co.

N. F. & Co. H. S.—100 bales hemp Godhra No. 1.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

On WEDNESDAY, the 9th instant, at 2 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. BENNET & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Armsby House, Ormistone Road, Apollo Bander, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household funiture, rich glass and crockery ware, best plateware, dining table and chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawing-room suite, drawing-room cabinets, single and double glass door almyrahs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, rich pictures and oleographs, marble top dressing and washhand tables, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., etc., the property of Fred. Farlow, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view four days before the sale.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE GARDEN LAND AT MAHAVAL.

Under instructions from the owner Mr. Cumroodin Tamji Desai, Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will sell by Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 10th June, 1909, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at their Rooms the following valuable land at Mahaval.

All that piece or parcel of land together with fruit trees and a substantially built well of sweet water, situate at Mahaval near Pada Ambera in Thana district, bearing Survey No. 78 and Pott No. 2-3 and containing by admeasurment about 2 acres and 16 goonthas.

The fruit trees are as follows:—
"Hafoos Paheri" Kalem about 71 trees.
"Raival" Mango about 10 trees.
Custard apples about 50 trees.
"Saj" wood about 65 trees.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Undersigned.

On SATURDAY, the 12th instant, at 2 P.M., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 24 Elphinstone Circle, near Messrs. Kemp and Co., Fort, the valuable and handsome teakwood and blackwood plain and carved household furniture, rich glass and Crockeryware, best platedware, dining table and chairs, sideboard and dumbwaiters, drawingroom suite, drawingroom cabinets, glass door almyrahs, marbletop dressing and washhand tables, rich pictures, and oleographs, handsome flower vases and table ornaments, brass and iron single and double bedsteads, Hink's and Ditmar's table and hanging lamps, rich Persian and Brussels carpets, etc., etc., the property of S.F. Thomson, Esqr.

Catalogues will be published and the propertys on view four days before the sale.

ON COMMISSION SALE.

The well-known and very desirable bungalow at Mahableshwar known as "Belle Vue," together with its extensive land (about 5 acres) and outhouses. The Bungalow is centrally situated and command an excellent view.

For further particulars apply to the Undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

BOMBAY, 2ND JUNE, 1909.

MENESSE AND COMPANY, No. 35, HUMMUM STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF 62 BALES GREY SHIRTING.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 2nd June, 1909, at 3 p.m. (B.T.), in Mooljee Jaitha piece-goods market, Cook Gully in the shop of the new Kaiser-i-Hind, S. and W. Co., Ltd., and by order of the Agents of the said Company and on account and at the risk of Mr. E. E. Elias Sassoon.

62 bales grey shirtings No. I, yards 43.

AUCTION SALE OF 10 BALES COTTON.

Under instructions from the B. B. & C. I. Railway Co., Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will sell by Public Auction, TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 3rd June, 1909, at 4 p.m. (S.T.), at the Company's Colaba Goods Depot, near the Tramway Company's Stables:—

10 bales, F. P. Cotton, damaged by fire.

MENESSE & Co.

BOMBAY, 2ND JUNE, 1909.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.

DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.

They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting —
Nickel, Rs, 3-8. Gold, Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.



TEN DAYS' FREE TRIAL allowed on every cycle bought of us. Your money in full refunded without question if not perfectly satisfactory. Our highest grade English-made **Coventry Cycles,** warranted five to ten years, despatched direct from the factory to anyone on approval at less than lowest manufacturers' prices.

LATEST MODELS **£3.10 to £9**

Coaster Hubs, best makes of Tyres, Crabbe Inverted Lever Rim Brakes, variable gears and all latest improvements

PACKED AND DELIVERED FREE to any port in the world. We guarantee safe delivery.

Active Agents wanted in each district. Large profits easily made.

Write at once, using sufficient postage, for free art catalogues and our special offer on sample machine.

MEAD CYCLE CO., DEPT. 323 LIVERPOOL.

THE HOME FOR THE AGED.

HUGHES TOWN ROAD,
(Near the Station).
SECUNDERABAD.

THIS INSTITUTION receives the Aged and Infirm Poor of both sexes, irrespective of Class, Caste, or Creed.

The Sisters Feed, Nurse, and Clothe their Poor and attend to all their wants.

The Home is supported entirely by Voluntary Contributions.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

HAIG & HAIG'S THREE STARS WHISKY.

Rs. 2-8 per bottle.

TO BE HAD FROM
D. C. OOMRIGAR, D. D. BARIA,
and All Wine Merchants.

SOLE AGENTS:
ALDRIDGE, SALMON & Co., LTD.,
BOMBAY.

BANKS.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL	£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS	£ 250,000

HEAD OFFICE:
40, Threadneedle Street, London E. C.

LONDON BANKERS:
The Bank of England.
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
BOMBAY, KARRACHEE, CALCUTTA, MADRAS, COLOMBO KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, PENANG, HONGKONG and SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody, realising interest and dividends when due.

JAMES MURDOCH, Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up)	Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper)	Rs. 27,00,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:
Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa

CORRESPONDENTS:
London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

E. E. SAVI, Acting Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital paid up	Gold $3,250,000·00
Reserve Fund and Undivided Profits	Gold $3,468,244·55

LONDON OFFICE: Threadneedle House, Bishopsgate Street, Within, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	City of Mexico.
Hongkong.	Yokohama.	Washington.
Canton.	Colon.	Panama.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION buys and sells Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit, and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months or for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

F. H. SUTTON, *Manager.*

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42/43, Church Gate Street.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

Post Box No. 45.

HEAD OFFICE:—14, Rue Bergere.
LONDON 52—Threadneedle Street, E.
LIVERPOOL AND MANCHESTER.

CAPITAL Fcs. 1,50,000,000, (£6,000,000.)

CAPITAL........................£ 6,000,000
SURPLUS........................£ 796,815

LONDON BANKERS:—
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITH'S BANK

BRANCHES in all Principal Towns of France, Bombay, Tuni New Orleans, Melbourne, Sydney and all principal towns of Madagascar.

Current Accounts opened and fixed deposits received at terms to be ascertained on application.

Drafts and Letters of Credits sued payable at any of the Chief Commercial Towns of the World.

The Comptoir National d'Escompte de Paris beg to draw the attention of Travellers to its Letter of Credit Department in Paris at the Branch Office, 2, Place de l'Opera, in the very centre of the fashionable quarter of Paris, on the Boulevards facing the Grand Opera, and within easy reach of the principal Hotels, Theatres, and Shops.

Writing and Reading Rooms, Telephone, all necessary arrangements for receiving and despatching Correspondence, exchanging Money, letting Safes or parts thereof, wherein travellers can deposit valuables which they do not wish to keep in the Hotels, further, Setrong Rooms for the storage of heavy luggage, etc.

Dividends, Coupons, etc., on Government Paper, and other Stocks Cashed for Customers without charge, if remitted Home through the Bank.

Loans and Cash Credits granted on Government Paper, Gold Silver, Merchandise to.

L. COMBE, Manager.

WE ARE MANUFACTURERS OF MEN'S AND BOYS' TAN AND BLACK BOOTS AND SHOES SPECIALLY MADE FOR THE INDIAN, BURMESE & CEYLON MARKETS.



THE TRADE ONLY SUPPLIED.

WEARERS SHOULD ASK FOR OUR MAKE.

SUPERIOR TO ALL.

PLEASE WRITE FOR PRICE LIST AND TERMS.

HINDE & MANN
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
OLNEY (Nr. NORTHAMPTON) ENGLAND.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL	£ 800,000
RESERVE FUND	£ 700,000

HEAD OFFICE:
7 BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON:

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Delhi,	Newera-Eliya.
Bombay,	Tuticorin,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Chittagong,	Aden, (Steamer Point.)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar.
Cawnpore,	Mandalay,	Mombasa
Lahore	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Entebbe.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receive, same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

J. BLACK, *Ag. Manager.*

BOMBAY.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP	Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	" 15,500 000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT:—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Peking
Changchung	Lyons	San Francisco
Chefoo	Fengtien (Mukden)	Shanghai
Dairen (Dalny)	Nagasaki	Tiehling
Hankow	Newchwang	Tientsin
Honolulu	New York	Tokyo
Hongkong	Osaka	
Kobe	Ryojun (Port Arthur)	
London		

LONDON BANKERS:—

The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld.; The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH:—

LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.

FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.

CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.

K. KODAMA, *Manager.*

BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

MRS. JAMES LEASK (formerly of Bombay, having REMOVED from Edinburgh to "Elmswood," 52, Crystal Palace Park Road, Sydenham, London, S. E., will be glad to TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE of and Superintend the Education of CHILDREN whose parents are in India and abroad. For Particulars apply *Bombay Gazette Office.*

NEW TEAS, NEW TEAS

TRY THE MAY BLOSSOM.

THE MAY BLOSSOM TEAS

Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.

A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.

BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER, SOLD EVERYWHERE.

Apply early to

CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY.

WHOLESALE AGENTS:

RETAIL SUPPLIERS:—Messrs. BRANDON & Co. Victoria Terminus and Messrs. DENISON & Co Hummum Street, Fort.

Stephens



Stephens' Ribbon AND Carbons For Typewriters

FOR SALE, WANTED, &c.

Daily or thrice a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent Insertions—Two Annas per line.

Twice or Once a week.—First Three Insertions—Four Annas per line; Fourth and Subsequent insertions—Three Annas per line, Minimum Charge Rs. 2.

DETACHED TERRACE ROOM, divided into two, with Bath, Lavatory, and W. C. attached, Electric Light, Fans, and Lift, open all round, centrally situated, without board, Rs. 80. Apply No. 1624, care of this Paper.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & CO., FINANCIAL AGENTS AND GENERAL MERCHANTS.

Transact every kind of Personal Agency, particularly:—

NATIVE STATE AGENCY.—The Sovereigns, Princes, Chiefs Nobles, and Jaghirdars of Native States will best consult their interests by employing this Firm as their Bombay Agents.

HOUSE, LAND, AND ESTATE AGENCY.—A Register kept of Houses, &c., wanted, and of all properties in the Market, which affords the best means of meeting the requirements of Vendors, Purchasers, and all who wish to hire or let Houses, Offices, &c.

ADVANCES on fixed and equitable mortgages (deposit of title deeds).

LOANS on every description of tangible or good persona security. Secrecy and dispatch guaranteed.

MOFUSSIL AGENCY.—Up-country residents will find greatly to their advantage to place all their Orders and Commissions in our hands. We undertake to execute them with care and fidelity and to give complete satisfaction.

GOVERNMENT PAPER, Stocks and Shares, bought and sold, and advice given as to investments.

RECOVERY OF OUTSTANDINGS, RENT, and DEBTS collected and recovered.

PARTNERSHIP AND BUSINESS AGENCY.—Partnerships negotiated. Partners with capital introduced. Capital procured for starting business. Purchases and Sales of businesses negotiated.

FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCES effected with the best Offices and at the most favourable rates.

S. R. BOTTLEWALLA & CO.,
17, Bank Street, Fort, Bombay.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL.

FACING THE SEA.

FORT, BOMBAY.

A SAFE REMEDY FOR ALL SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has 40 years' reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever, the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—IT CURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

IS THE FINEST BLOOD PURIFIER EVER DISCOVERED.

It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising for

SCROFULA,	BAD LEGS,
SCURVY,	BLOTCHES,
ECZEMA,	SPOTS,
BLOOD POISON,	BLACKHEADS
ULCERS,	PIMPLES,
SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE. This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

TRIED MANY THINGS WITHOUT BENEFIT UNTIL TOOK CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes:—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.'"—June 13, 1903.

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say: "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

Sold by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World.

ASK FOR CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.

	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	" 13 12	" 11 0
Quarterly ...	" 7 8	" 6 0
Monthly ...	" 2 8	" 2 0

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	" 20 0	" 16 0
Quarterly ...	" 10 10	" 8 8
Monthly ...	" 3 12	" 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.

*For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards; Situations Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line...	" 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First Insertion	Rs. 6-0	Per Inch.
Second Insertion ...	" 3-8	do.
Third Insertion... ...	" 3-0	do.
Fourth Insertion ...	" 2-8	do.
Fifth and upwards ...	" 2-0	do.
Minimum charge ...	" 6-0	do.

In the Native Languages, double the above rates. For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of Births, Marriages, Deaths and Memoriam Notices, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less and Eight Annas of every additional line. Cash strictly in Advance.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OVERLAND SUMMARY AND WEEKLY BUDGET.

	Town.	Post.
Yearly	Rs. 12	Rs. 15
Half-yearly	" 7	" 8
Quarterly	" 4	" 5

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COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON MARKETS.

FINANCIAL.

* On 29th May Transfers on Bombay Rs. 10,00,000 at 1s. 4d.

* Delayed owing to mutilation.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [1ST JUNE, 1909.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importer.
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	Rs. 1,51,361	Sydney	
1 Box Gold Bullions	75,666	Melbourne	Mercantile Bank
86 Bars Silver	1,46,977	Adelaide	
74 Bars Silver	1,28,928	Auckland	
2 Boxes Gold Bullions	1,51,824	Freemantle	
1 Box Sovs	37,500	Melbourne	National Bank
1 Box Sovs	37,500	Adelaide	
390 Bars Silver	7,44,312	Shanghai	Hongkong Bank
6 Packages Sovs	17,385		
Gold Coins	7,861	Jeddah	Sundry Importers
Silver Dollars	2,062		
Rupees	3,120		

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER BY RAIL on 28th & 29th May, 1909.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	29	32,739
B.B. & C.I. Railway	49	57,209

FINANCIAL.

Bank Rates:—

Bank of England... 2½ per cent, from 1st April
Bank of Bengal ... 5 per cent, „ 27th May.
Bank of Bombay... 6 per cent. „ 13th May.
Bank of Madras ... 8 per cent. „ 26th Jan.

Money:—

Borrowers for 2 months at from 3 to 3 1/2 per cent. per annum.

Exchange:—

The market opened at 1s. 3 31-32d. for T. T. as well as on Demand, and 1s. 4 1-8d. for Credits 3 months' sight. In one quarter 1s. 4 3-32d. was offered for 3 months' sight Credits, but Bills were scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady as under.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	1s. 3 31-32d.
Demand Draft	1s. 3 31-32d.
Credits—3 months' sight	1s. 4 1-8d. to 1s. 4 3-32d
Do 6 months' sight	1s. 4 7-32d.
Do 3 months' sight—Francs	169
Do 3 months' sight—Marks	138
Hongkong—30 days' sight	132 1-4
Yokohama—30 days' sight	151 3-4
Shanghai—30 days' sight	177 1-4

Government Paper:—

The market opened at 94-3 for cash as well as the settlement, at which level it kept quiet but steady throughout the day. Very little business was placed during the day. The Calcutta rates were advised as 94-4 for ready and forward delivery in a month.

We quote :—

Cash ... ... Rs. 94·3 } Quiet but
1st Settlement ... „ 94·3 } steady.

Bullion:—

There were no quotations from London, as Monday was a holiday there. The market locally opened at 62-7 ex-duty, for June settlement, and advanced to 62-10 owing to the purchases by a Bank, at which it closed with a steady tone. The prices for July delivery and spot silver are noted below. Bar gold rates are firmer as under :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
English Bar Gold	24	4	0
Australian Bar Gold	24	3	0
Bombay Bar Gold	24	2	0
English Shield Sovereigns	15	6	0
English Dragon Sovereigns	15	2	0
Silver ex Duty—Ready	62	10	0
Ditto 1st Settlement	62	10	0
Ditto 2nd Settlement	62	5	0

COTTON.

Market Report :—

We have again no change to report in our market, which continues steady with a small business doing in New Crop. There is a fair enquiry for ready cotton, and prices are well maintained as holders will not part with stocks unless at full values.

OLD CROP.

QUOTATIONS :—	Rs.	Delivery.
Fine M. G. Broach	265	June.
Good Westerns H. G.	241/2	June-July
Do. Do. M. G.	247/8	do.
Good Saw Ginned Dharwar.	260	do.
Good M. G. Coompta	261	do.
NEW CROP.		
Fine M. G. Broach	268	Mar. 1910.
Good M. G. Broach	258	„ „
Fine M. G. Khangaum-Akola	227	Jan. „
F. G. M. G. Khandeish	214	„ „
Fine M. G. Khandeish	220-21	„ „
Fine M. G. Bengals	213	„ „
F. G. H. G. Bengals	196	„ „

MISCELLANEOUS.

Linseed :—

The market is quiet with little doing and we quote :—

Ready ... ... Rs. 8 1 0 B. T.
June-July... — ... „ 8 6 0 R. T.

RAPESEED :—

The market is easier and there is very little enquiry. We quote :—

Ready Brown Kutni ... Rs. 7 4 0 B. T.
Ready Yellow Gujarat ... „ 7 14 0
Ready Yellow Cawnpore ... „ 7 11 0
Brown Delhi, June-July ... „ 7 12 0 R. T.

Poppyseed :—

June-July ... ... Rs. 10 3 0 R. T.
Tone—Steady.

Castorseed :—

Ready ... ... Rs. 33 0 0
June-July ... ... Rs. 6 10 0 R. T.
Tone—Firm.

Cottonseed :—

Ready ... ... Rs. 24 8 0
Tone—Steady.

Mowraseed :—

July-August ... ... Rs. 6 5 0 R. T.
Tone—Firm.

WHEAT —

The market is easier with little doing. We quote—

White Delhi ... Rs. 6 2 6 R. T.
White Pessi, 85 p. c. „ 6 6 0
Soft Red ... ... „ 42 0 0 per candy.

THE SHARE MARKET.

Banks :—

Bombay	1,465
India	74 1-2
Indian Specie Bank	57

Mills :—

Crescent	103 3-4
David	422 1-2
Kohinoor	740
Manockji Petit	3,165 June
New Great Eastern	197 1-2
Madras United Mill	2,800

Presses :—

Indian Cotton	127 1-2
New Berar	490
New Mofussil	730

Miscellaneous :—

Badham Pile & Co	132
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Ordinary.	99
Bombay E. S. & T. Co. Preference	147
Bombay Steam Nav. Ord.	348 3-4
Colaba Land and Mill	1,110
Marcks & Co.	129

Railways :—

Ahmedabad-Prantej	590
Tapti-Valley	430

RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of Cotton and Produce into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m. yesterday :

Cotton	6,613	bales.
Wheat	72,628	cwts.
Linseed	1,093	„
Rapeseed	13,948	„
Gingellyseed	1,980	„
Poppyseed	11,506	„
Groundnuts	592	„
Castorseed	6,746	„
Rice	34,498	„
Myrabollams	4,779	„
Cottonseed	4,574	„
Mowraseed	876	„
Gram	11,786	„
Joowar	942	„
Maize	nil	

THE CHINA YARN MARKET.

HONGKONG.

Messrs. Phirozsha B. Petit and Co. writing from Hongkong on May 14, report on the Yarn Market as follows :—

Our last circular was dated the 30th ultimo.

During the early part of the past fortnight, owing to a rise in Exchange, a few importers betrayed signs of the nervousness and parted with portions of their holdings at a decline of dol. 1 to dols. 1·50 below last mill's quotations. Others on the other hand preferred the adoption of a Fabian policy and remained firm, being, unwilling to sell unless buyers met their ideas of prices. The slight reaction in exchange towards the latter end of the fortnight instilled greater courage into the hearts of timid importers and now they have fallen into line with those who prefer to hold out for better prices in anticipation of inquiries from the consuming districts. At current rates inquiries fail to elicit response for "spot" cargo.

Native reports tell of floods in the lower section of the Canton delta. Heavy rains have caused the water of the Fu River to rise abnormally and as the river embankments in the Samshui district were not strong enough to withstand the volume of water, they gave way in several places, submerging a vast tract of land in the adjoining country. Relief has been promptly secured from Canton, for the sufferers and it is not anticipated that this annually recurring visitation will produce any material influence on the yarn market.

No 20s.—A fair business transpired at last prices and in some instances, owing to anxiety of holders to quit, prices show a decline of dol. 1 to dols. 1 1-2 per bale.

No. 16s.—Only one thread fetched dol. 1 lower.

No. 8s.—Nothing doing.

No. 6s.—A small business passed at ruling rates.

Market closes steady.

Sales .—150 bales of No. 6s, 1,800 bales ; of No. 10s, 1,375 bales of No. 12s, 200 bales of No. 16s., and 1,000 bales of No. 20s ; in all about 8,000 bales.

Arrivals :—Per steamers Lightning, Capri, Suisang, Yeboshi Maru, Laisang, and Oceana of about 8,060 bales.

Unsold Stock :—About 8,000 bales.

Uncleared Stock :—About 10,000 bales.

Exchange :—We quote to-day as follows :—

India T. T. at Rs. 134½ per cent.
„ Demand „ 135 „
London T. T. at Sh. 1·9⅜d.=$
„ Demand „ 1·99/16d.=$
Shanghai ...... at Tls. 74⅜=$100
Silver .... at 24⅛d. per oz.

SHANGHAI.

The same firm reports from Shanghai, on May 8:—

Owing to the continued rising tendency of exchange throughout this fortnight, the Indian yarn market has ruled somewhat quiet and the prices have receded about Tl. 1 to Tls. 1 1-2 per bale all round. It is, however, believed that had it not been for the firm tone of the Bombay market, there would have been a material reduction in the present level of prices this week, consequent upon a steady rise in the value of silver. It is very difficult to say at this stage, if silver is really on the upward track, as to all appearances, the present rise is mainly due to the China Banks buying silver in London to cover their operations here with the Chinese speculators. Be what it may, until the exchange assumes a somewhat steady tone, the Indian yarn market is likely to remain irregular at least for some time. In spite of the firm advices from Bombay, the second-hand holders have resumed underselling the foreigners by fully Tls. 2/3 and over 3,000 bales are reported to have changed hands during the fortnight through their agency. The importers are, however, still very firm and do not show any anxiety to quit their sparse holdings for the present, On the other hand, the buyers are equally firm and rather than operating at the present level of prices, they prefer playing a waiting game. Under the circumstances, the transactions done during the period are of the fragmentary nature in spite of a good demand prevailing in some of the consuming districts. Owing to the heavy fresh arrivals from Bombay and a small off-take against the same, stocks are now gradually accumulating on the market, and it is feared that, as usual, until the middle of June there will be no material reduction in the same. Clearances have been somewhat satisfactory. Market closes steady to quiet.

No. 10s.—Szechuen paid the largest share of attention to this thread. Newchwang, Chinkiang and Tientsin bought a few small lots only. Total purchases about 3,000 bales.

No. 12s.—Chinkiang, Kiukiang and Tsingtao interested themselves in this yarn and about 400 bales changed hands.

No. 16s.—No transaction took place in this number for the reasons stated in our last report.

No. 20s.—Szechuen was the only buyer of this count and purchased about 600 bales.

Total sales of Indian yarn during the fortnight about .... 4,000 bales.
Arrivals of Indian yarn during the fortnight about ....25,005 „
Estimated unsold stock about............25,000 „
„ sold but uncleared stock about.30,000 „

CLOSING RATES OF EXCHANGE.

On India	T.T.	Rs. 182	per	Tls. 100
On Hongkong	„	Tls. 75½	per	dol. 100
On London	„	2s. 5⅛d.	per	Tl. 1

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

Bank D. D. is quoted at 1s. 3 31-32d., Government Paper is at 94-5.

Coal.—Bhalgoora is at 14 1-2 ; Gopalichuck at 14 1-4 ; Huntolih at 12 3-4 ; Kosoonda at 39 ; New Birbhum at 48 3-4 ; Raneegunge at 19 5-8 ; Standard at 17 1-8.

Jute.—Belvedere Pref. is at 106.

Tea.—Central Cachar is at 63.

Miscellaneous.—Bonded Warehouse A is at 922 1-2. Great Eastern Hotel at 77.

'PAISLEY FLOUR'

Is the SURE Raising Powder.

It simplifies and improves home baking. In use 2 ozs. are mixed with every pound of flour, before making the dough.

This way is cheaper and more reliable than using cake or bun flours.

Try it to-day, you will find that it is as good as we say it is.

Recipes in every tin.

Brown & Polson make it.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS, and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

BIRTH.

THOMPSON—May 25, at Simla, the wife of J. P. Thompson, I.C.S., of a son.

H. T. BINKS,
UNDERTAKER
AND
MONUMENTAL SCULPTOR,
Clare Road, Byculla, Bombay
TELEPHONE NO. 947

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 1m. Sun sets, 7h. 12m. High water, 10-12m., 10-20a. Low water, 3-57m., 4-20a.

Bombay Insolvency Court Special Vacation sitting, 11-30 a. m.

Municipal Standing Committee, 4-10 p. m.

Maxim : "A man is valued as he makes himself valuable."

THE WEEK'S CALENDAR.

Thursday, June 3.—Sun rises, 6h. 1m. Sun sets, 7h. 12m. High water, 11-19m., 10-59a. Low water, 4-30m., 5-12a.

Friday, June 4.—Sun rises, 6h. 1m. Sun sets, 7h. 13m. High water, 11-59m., 11-38a. Low water, 5-3m. 5-54a.

Saturday, June 5.—Glee Club Social, Y.M.C.A. Hall, 9-15 p.m. (S. T.) Sun rises, 6h. 9m. Sun sets, 7h. 2m. High water, 0-34a. Low water, 5-37m., 6-35m.

Sunday, June 6—Sun rises 6h. 0m. ; Sun sets 7h. 14m. ; High water 0-17m., 1-13a. ; Low water 6-12m., 7-15a.

Monday, June 7.—Sun rises, 6h. 0m. ; Sun sets, 7h. 14m. ; High water, 0-58a., 1-53a. ; Low water, 6-49m., 7-57a.

Tuesday, June 8.—Sun rises 6h. 0m. ; Sun sets 7h. 15m. ; High water 1-43m., 2-36a.; Low water, 7-30m., 8-44a.

FIRE IN A COTTON STACK.—Yesterday morning about 3-30 o'clock, a fire was discovered in a stack of 92 pressed bales of cotton lying near the Victoria Dock. The Fire Brigade was communicated with and in a short time the flames were extinguished. Nineteen bales were damaged resulting in a loss to the extent of Rs. 2,300.

BAND AT THE VICTORIA GARDENS.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. R. E. Pigott, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. and C. I. Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. H. C. Dane, commencing at 6 p. m. (S. T.) to-day :—

March	The Jolly Coppersmith	Peter
Overture	Hans Heiling	Mareshner
Selection	The Merry Widow	Lehar
Valse	Daheim	Gung'l
Selection	Princess Ida	Sullivan
Characteristic piece	The Butterfly	Bendix
Intermezzo	Hiawatha	Niel Moret

BAND AT COLABA POINT.—The following is the programme of music to be played by the Band of the 1st Gloucestershire Regiment, at 6-30 p. m. today:—

March	L'Entente Cordiale	Allier
	Reminiscences of Sullivan	Sullivan
Euphonium Solo	The Song you Sang to me	Molloy
Selection	The Geisha	Sidney Jones
Intermezzo	Mannella	Leiter
Valse	Tafelrunde	Gung'l
Galop	Flying Fox	Dworzak

GRANT COLLEGE MEDICAL SOCIETY.—A meeting of the Society will be held in the Grant College Library to-day, Wednesday, at 5-15 p. m. (S. T.) when the following business will be transacted:—(1) The minutes of the last meeting to be read and confirmed. (2) Consideration of the draft letter from the Managing Committee, re the question of the institution of a new medical diploma of L.G.M.C. (3) Short notes on some cases of puerperal fever cured by serum by Dr. Chandulal Mehta. (4) A short paper on serumtherapy in puerperal fever by Dr. K. M. Dubash. (5) General discussion on Serumtherapy in puerperal septicæmia, and on the cases of Drs. Batlivala and Chandulal Mehta. (6) short notes on the last Bombay Medical Congress by Dr. A. D. Mody. (7) To propose Dr. Chandulal V. Mehta a member of the Society, and (8) to elect Dr. Burjor P. Banaji a member of the Society.

INTERNATIONAL ORDER OF GOOD TEMPLARS.—A public meeting and concert, under the auspices of the International Order of Good Templars, took place at the Y. M. C. A. Hall, Fort, on Monday the 31st May, with Mr. A. H. S. Aston in the Chair. The Chairman in his opening remarks stated that he signed the pledge about six months ago, and that he found his health all the better for it; he also gave the Members of the I. O. G. T. and the various other Temperance Societies very encouraging advice and praised the work they were doing. An excellent programme was performed and then Mr. Kearsey, P. G. C. T. said that in 1872 when Good Templary was first started in India, the membership consisted of nine, whereas now there were about 12,000 members, who were divided into three Grand Lodges viz : the Grand Lodges of India, Madras and Burma, which went to prove what progress had been and was being made to the present day in India. He gave a brief history of the Order and thanked all those in sympathy with it. The band of the Gloucesters played an excellent selection of music. A vote of thanks to the Chairman terminated the proceedings.

PRESIDENT FALLIERES, has been witnessing an exhibition in which the Police dogs of of Paris were the principal actors. The display was comprised in six categories, as follows:—Refusal of food from a strange hand; jumping over walls 8ft. high ; keeping guard over valuables ; keeping guard over a prisoner; pursuit of a fugitive; and attack upon a man who defended himself with a revolver. In the last two cases a member of the Neuilly Force acted the part of an "apache," having first clothed himself in wadded garments as a precaution against excess of zeal on the part of the dogs. Furiously they chased the pseudo-criminal round the enclosure, and soon pulled him down, even the discharge of a blank cartridge close to their muzzles failing to make them relax their hold.

40 YEARS OF RHEUMATISM.

Patient could not Use her Fingers, or Raise her Arms.

"For nearly forty years I was a great sufferer from rheumatism," says Mrs. S. Coward, of 6, Nile Row, Poole, England. "Some times an attack would last nearly three months at a stretch. The pain was maddening. I couldn't use my fingers, much less dress myself or raise my arms to my head. I am glad to tell you that your Doan's Backache Kidney Pills have quite cured me, and, what is more, I have

BEEN CURED OVER A YEAR,

for now I never suffer like I used to, though I always keep a box of Doan's Backache Kidney Pills by me to use when the weather is damp and trying.—(Signed) (Mrs.) S. COWARD."

Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all medicine dealers and stores at Rs. 2 per bottle, or 6 bottles for Rs. 10-8-0, or from Doan's Medicines, P.O. Box 20, Bombay.

HIGH COURT.

ORIGINAL SIDE.

Before Mr. Justice Beaman.

A SPECIAL sitting of the High Court was held yesterday, when the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman disposed of the following short causes :—

SUIT FOR ACCOUNTS.

For the Plaintiff:—Mr. K. B. Dastur, instructed by Messrs. Thakoredas and Gandy.

For the Defendants :—Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, instructed by Messrs Motichand and Devidas.

This was a suit filed by Ibrahim Issabhai against Badrudin Tyebali and others, in which the plaintiff prayed for a decree on certain adjusted accounts. Mr. Desai applied for a short adjournment. In doing so, he said that the plaintiff's suit was on an adjusted account, but the defendant had now found that the accounts were not really adjusted but it was a havala entry. Mr. Dastur opposed the application and suggested that if the defendant were given time he would dispose of the property. The last accounts were sent to the defendants about four months ago, and they had not been objected to. Mr. Desai said that according to the settlement arrived at, his client was willing to pay Rs. 1,000 in cash and the balance of Rs. 1,874 with a monthly instalment of Rs. 100 and would undertake not to deal with the property until the whole amount of the decree was paid. His Lordship accordingly passed a decree against the defendants with costs.

CLAIM ON A MONEY-BOND.

KALLIANDAS DAMODARDAS VS. PETER ANTHONY GOMES.

For the Plaintiff:—Mr. Bhulabhai Desai, instructed by Messrs. Jamsetji Rustomji and Devidas.

Plaintiff in this suit applied for a decree for Rs. 1,967, being the balance due on a money bond. Mr. Desai said the suit was on a bond on which the plaintiff had advanced money to the defendant, on the security of a policy. The defendant had, from time to time, paid money and the balance now remaining was Rs. 1,967. The defendant appeared in person and admitted the claim but said that he had filed his petition in the Insolvency Court. His Lordship passed a decree for the amount with costs and ordered a stay of execution.

SUPPLY OF GIN STORES.

MANEKJI MANOHERJI BOTTLEWALA VS. HAJ IBRAHIM HAJI VAYEDINA.

For the Plaintiff :—Mr. B. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Natubhai Jamietram and Madon.

Mr. Desai said that plaintiff had supplied the defendant gin stores to the extent of Rs. 3,011. Demands for payment had been made from time to time, but nothing had been paid. The defendant did not appear. His Lordship therefore passed an "ex-parte" decree for the amount with interest against the defendant.

POLICE NEWS.

PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

ESPLANADE.

Before Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

RECEIPT OF STOLEN GOODS ALLEGED.

Inspector Morris charged Augustus Fernandez, Shaiya Goma, Dasrath Gopal, George Henry, C. S. Willis, and Abdul Hussein Tyeb, the first three with receiving property alleged to have been stolen, and the remaining three with abetment. Mr. De Souza, Pleader, defended the first, Mr. De Quadros, Pleader, defended the second, and Mr. P. Kotwal, Pleader, defended the fourth and fifth accused.

Inspector Morris asked for a remand, on the ground that the police wanted to make further inquiries.

The case was remanded to the 8th instant.

MAZAGON.

Before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate.

ATTEMPTED THEFT.

Inspector Smith charged Dinshah Rustomji, a Parsee cook, with attempting to commit theft. Mr. Jamsetji Kapadia, Pleader, defended the accused. The complaint was that a ramosi heard noises on Monday night in the bungalow of Mr. Hormusji Dinshah Panthaky, Warden Road. The bungalow was shut and on opening the main gate and entering the room the ramosi saw a man crouching near a cupboard which had been broken open. It was found that accused who was a cook in Mr. Vakil's employ had entered the room and broken open the cupboard. The accused pleaded guilty and was sentenced to fifteen days' hard labour.

Before Rao Bahadur C. H. Setalvad, Fourth Presidency Magistrate.

RASH DRIVING.

Ramswarup Moosai was charged by Inspector Cauty with doing a rash and negligent act, thereby causing the death of an old woman. On Sunday last about 7-30 p. m., the accused who was driving his master's carriage, knocked down an old beggar who was going along the Sankli Road. The woman was run over and died on the spot. It was ascertained that the accused was driving on the wrong side of the road and did not give any warning to the deceased. The accused was fined Rs. 75 with the alternative of 21 days' rigorous imprisonment.

HONORARY MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

FORT.

Before Messrs. J. A. D. McBain (Chairman), and P. C. Sethna.

ILL-TREATING ANIMALS.

Their Worships disposed of 9 cases, some of which were against bullock cart-drivers for ill-treating animals.

GIRGAON.

Before Messrs. A. M. Tod (Chairman), and V. S. Joshi.

DRIVING ON THE WRONG SIDE.

Their Worships disposed of 29 cases, many of which were against victoria drivers for plying for hire off the stand and without a licence and driving on the wrong side of the road.

DADAR.

Before Messrs. M. M. Fakira (Chairman), and J. F. Rodrigues.

CART-DRIVERS CHARGED.

Their Worships disposed of a number of cases, some of which were against bullock cart-drivers for ill-treating animals.

FLORILINE :—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 33 Farringdon Road London, England.

THE SEASON IN INDIA.

The season and crop prospects for the week ending Saturday, 22nd May, give the following details :—

UNITED PROVINCES.

Slight showers of rain fell during the week in a good many districts. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops has practically been completed. Sugarcane and extra crops are being irrigated. Fields are being prepared for autumn sowings. Standing crops are in good condition. Supplies of fodder and water are adequate except in a part of Bahraich. Cattle disease is reported from twenty-three districts but agricultural stock are generally in good condition. Prices on the whole are stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—The health of persons on relief is fairly good in Basti and good elsewhere. A slight increase in crime is reported in Bahraich but crime is normal or below normal elsewhere. Distress is slight in Garhwal where people are not resorting freely to relief works. In the Nanpara tahsil in the Bahraich district distress is increasing slightly but is not acute. Two civil and seven aided works and one unaided work are in progress and one poorhouse is open in Bijaigarh ; one civil and three aided works in Kera Mangraur ; twenty-four aided works in Jaunpur ; one departmental and a few aided works in Basti ; and some civil works in Garhwal. 543 workers were on one test work in Kheri. Eight civil works and one aided work are in progress and one poorhouse is open in Bahraich. There is a slight increase in numbers on relief in Kera Mangraur, Jaunpur, Kheri and Bahraich and a slight decrease in Bijaigarh and Basti. The numbers on Government relief are :—on relief works 14,011 ; on aided works 13,192 ; on test works 543 ; on gratuitous relief 8,702 ; in poorhouses 122 ; on private works 441 ; total 37,011. Prices :—Bijaigarh 15 ; Kera Mangraur 15 ; Basti 16 ; Garhwal 7 ; Kheri 14 ; and Bahraich 14 seers per rupee.

PUNJAB.

Rain was received in Rawalpindi and light rain in parts of Hissar, Rohtak, Gurgaon, Delhi and Amballa. Wheat is being threshed and its outturn is generally good to average on irrigated and average to below the average on unirrigated areas. Sowings of extra, spring and autum crops continue in some districts. Standing extra, spring and autumn crops are generally in good condition. Tobacco is being harvested in Rohtak and its outturn is reported to be average. Prices are high but have fallen slightly in some districts. Cattle are generally in good condition. Fodder is sufficient except in Delhi and parts of Gurgaon, Mianwali and Jhang.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

The rainfall during the week was 2 inches and 39 cents in Hazara and 33 cents in Kobat ; it was nil elsewhere. The condition of standing crops is generally good on irrigated areas and from average to below the average on unirrigated lands. Harvesting of spring crops continues and the outturn is reported to be average. Sowings of autumn crops are in progress. The water supply in canals is sufficient. Irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district continues. Fodder is scarce in the Marwat tahsil of the Bannu [illegible] is procurable elsewhere. [illegible] are generally in good [illegible] except that cattle disease is reported in some villages. The public health is generally good. Prices are fluctuating. Prices :—wheat 9⅜ to 12¼ ; gram 12¾ to 15 ; maize 14 5-16 to 17½ ; and bajra 13 to 14½ seers per rupee.

JAMMU.

Slight rain fell in the Kishtwar and Ramnagar tahsils. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 13 to 22 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Ranbirsinghpura tahsil only. Fodder is sufficient. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress. Land is being prepared for the next autumn crops.

KASHMIR.

There was sufficient rain during the week which was beneficial to crops. The condition of crops is average. There is no disease among cattle. The condition of fodder is average. Prices are unchanged.

RAJPUTANA.

Slight rain was reported in parts of Marwar. Ploughing for monsoon sowing continues. Sowings are in progress in Bikaner. Fodder crops are doing well in Marwar. Miscellaneous crops are being harvested in Dungarpur. The condition of cattle is satisfactory. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. Prices have risen by one seer per rupee in Banswara. Fluctuations are less noticeable elsewhere.

CENTRAL INDIA.

Rainfall nil. Harvesting of spring crops is nearing completion in Gwalior and Baghelkhand. Land is being prepared for autumn crops except in Baghelkhand. Agricultural stock are satisfactory except for some cattle disease in Bhopal, Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar. Prices are rising in Gwalior and Bundelkhand and are falling in Indore. They are high but stationary elsewhere.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

The weather continues hot and occasionally cloudy with high winds. Light showers of rain fell in eleven districts. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops have almost been completed throughout the Provinces. Preparation of land for the next season's crop and repairs to field embankments are in progress everywhere. Harvesting of double-cropped rice is proceeding in Chanda. Sugarcane in Bhandara and Raipur is in good condition. Water is getting scarce in parts of Hoshangabad and Nimar and fodder in Chanda: but they are adequate elsewhere. Agricultural stock are doing well. Prices : —wheat in Jubbulpore and juar in Chanda and Nimar fell by 1 and 1-2 seer per rupee respectively. Gram rose by 2 seers in Balaghat. Elsewhere prices remained stationary or varied slightly. The number of weavers on relief was 240.

Feudatory States.—No rain fell during the week. Preparation of land for autumn crops is in full swing. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices :—rice in Nander and Sakti rose by 1 seer and in Raigarh it became cheaper by 1 1-2 seers per rupee. Prices remained stationary elsewhere.

The Bombay reports has already appeared.

The number of persons on relief was 122,995, an increase of 6,938.

THE CITY MORTALITY.

THE Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours, ending at 6 a. m. yesterday, give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Total deaths from all causes
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern, Fort Southern and Esplanade	2	1	3
B Mandvi, Chukla, Oomerkhadi and Dongri	1	1	11
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao, and Kumbharwada	5	3	22
D Khetwadi, Girgaum, Chowpati, Walkeshwar, and Mahalaxmi	0	1	10
E Mazagon, Tarwadi, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla and 1st Nagpada	1	1	17
F Parel, Sewree and Sion	1	1	4
G Mahim and Worli	1	1	7
Water Division	0	0	0
Harbour	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	4	8
Total	11	13	82
This day last year	17	19	114
Do. 1907			80

THE RAT CAMPAIGN.

June 1st, 1909.

Ward.	Alive.	Dead	Found Infected.
A	41	32	3
B	135	109	16
C	94	28	2
D	40	21	0
E	115	34	2
F	37	0	0
G	110	1	0
Total to date	572	225	23
Total rats killed			797

SMALL-POX.

	A.	D.
S	1	0
A	1	1

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, JUNE 1.

There are indications of the formation of a storm in the Bay. Rain has been nearly general on all the Coasts, but the sea is not yet rough at the Coast stations. Mergui, Diamond Island and Akyab had two inches ; Kyaukpyu, Barisal and Cuttack, one ; Masulipatam, one and a half.

The following inland stations also had rain :—Maymyo, two ; Mandalay, one and a half ; Monyawa, four ; Gorakhpur, one and a half ; Gulbarga, three-quarters. Thunder and duststorms have been numerous and occurred in most part of the country.

Temperature remains high in the extreme North, but its excess is not so marked as yesterday. Heavy clouds are present this morning over the South of the Peninsula, and moderate to heavy clouds extend into North-East India and Burma. Skies are nearly overcast in the extreme North.

Forecast.—Rain will probably increase in the Coast stations and in the Bay, but decrease in the interior of Burma. Thunderstorms are likely in the Peninsular and in the extreme North.

The weather in Southern India is normal.

The pressure in the Indian Ocean during the past week, was normal, or in defect. Winds at Zanzibar are stronger than usual, but at the Seychelles and Mauritius, weaker. Rainfall is also below normal. These conditions do not appear unfavourable.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 1ST JUNE.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 1st June, 1909, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab—Moderate cloud has appeared in the extreme north but skies remain clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is in defect at Rawalpindi but either equal to or above the average over the rest of the division. Day temperature is normal except in the extreme north where it is high but night temperature is high nearly everywhere.

The United Provinces.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in excess. Temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are generally clear. The moisture in the air is either equal to or above the average and temperature [illegible] normal.

[illegible] Kathiawar and Central India West.—Skies are clear in West Central India but lightly to moderately clouded elsewhere. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Central Provinces.—Very light rain has fallen in the south-east. Skies are generally lightly clouded. The moisture in the air is in excess in the area of rainfall, but is either equal to or below the average elsewhere. Temperature is normal except for a defect at night in the districts where rainfall has occurred.

The Konkan.—Skies continue lightly to moderately clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Very light rain has fallen locally. Skies are clear in the extreme northern districts of the Bombay Deccan, but are moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. The air contains the usual amount of moisture and temperature is normal.

General Remarks.—Local rain has fallen in the South-East Central Provinces and in the Peninsula but the only falls of importance are 1·40 inches at Masulipatam and 0·48 inch at Cochin. Skies are generally heavily clouded to the south of latitude 18°.

Pressure is low at Negapatam and winds are northerly at Madras this morning. These facts point to the existence of disturbed weather in the south of the Bay. Weather is slightly unsettled in the South-East Arabian Sea also.

Thunder-showers are again likely in East Central Provinces and to the south of latitude 18°.

Appended is Tuesday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observations taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st Nov. to date.
Bushire (31st)	90·6	86·1	...	7·57
Jask	...	...	...	...
Muskat (31st)	89·3	84·1	...	1·94
Multan	109·8	90·5	...	...
Rawalpindi	111·9	79·9	...	...
Lahore	112·9	84·2	...	...
Sirsa	112·3	87·1	...	...
Ambala	108·5	83·5	...	...
Delhi	108·7	83·2	...	...
Agra	108·5	86·0	...	...
Mainpuri	109·8	83·0	...	...
Jhansi	110·5	90·5	...	...
Cawnpore	106·8	81·0	...	...
Allahabad	104·6	82·0	...	...
Jacobabad	115·1	87·8	...	...
Karachi	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	102·9	84·2	...	...
Jaipur	109·7	80·6	...	...
Kotah	110·5	90·1	...	...
Bhuj	98·6	79·0	—	...
Dwarka	90·3	83·7	...	...
Veraval	87·2	82·3	...	...
Rajkot	102·4	77·2	...	...
Bhavnagar Para	103·6	82·0	...	...
Surat	95·6	82·1	...	...
Ahmedabad	105·6	82·7	...	...
Deesa	105·3	80·4	...	...
Neemuch	103·0	82·8	...	...
Indore	103·1	79·6	...	...
Jubbulpore	108·5	82·8	...	...
Saugor	107·6	84·0	...	...
Hoshangabad	110·6	88·9	...	...
Khandwa	107·7	84·6	...	...
Akola	108·2	82·1	...	...
Amraoti	109·3	81·8	...	...
Nagpur	109·6	79·8	0·05	0·05
Chanda	110·0	82·0	0·01	0·01
Raipur	107·7	77·6	0·11	0·11
Bombay	94·6	83·5	...	...
Ratnagiri	92·3	82·9	...	...
Mormugao	91·0	82·7	...	...
Karwar	90·3	79·0	0·01	0·01
Malegaon	101·4	75·1	...	...
Ahmednagar	94·9	74·5	...	...
Poona	94·0	74·8	...	...
Sholapur	98·8	73·4	0·09	0·09
Bijapur	97·2	75·2	...	...
Belgaum	90·3	70·1	0·05	0·05
Aurangabad	100·2	74·2	...	...
Nizamabad (Indur)	104·9	77·7	0·05	0·05
Hyderabad	103·8	78·2	0·11	0·11
Mangalore	88·7	79·9	...	...
Calicut	87·8	79·1	0·08	0·08
Cochin	89·7	78·8	0·48	0·48
Colombo	87·0	78·0	0·23	0·23
Masulipatam	102·3	73·6	1·40	1·40
Bellary	101·0	76·3	...	...
Cuddapah	96·2	80·1	...	...
Madras	101·0	81·0	...	...
Bangalore	91·8	70·8	...	...
Coimbatore	94·9	74·8	...	...
Trichinopoly	101·1	80·8	...	...
Negapatam	105·9	78·5	0·12	0·12

In column Wind "Rate per hour" L= Light, M= Moderate, S= Strong, H= Heavy, F= Fresh.

N. LESLIE,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

AT the dinner of the Hertfordshire Philatelic Society, at which the Hon. W. Hall Jones, High Commissioner of New Zealand, presided, a model in sugar of a "Dreadnought" was exhibited on waves of marzipan. The lights were lowered, and by means of fireworks a representation of the vessel in action was produced.

ALMOST NO SKIN LEFT ON FACE

And Neck by Chronic Running Eczema—Arms Strapped to Sides Because of Itching—No Help at Hospital—Confined to House and Could Not Work for Four Months —Feared There was No Cure.

PERFECT RECOVERY IS DUE TO CUTICURA

"I was seized with chronic eczema. The disease broke out on my face and spread to my body, arms and scalp. After attending a hospital it gradually got worse and on my face it turned to running eczema. After a fortnight of hospital treatment, I had hardly any skin left on my face and neck and it was so itchy that I had to be strapped with my arms to my side at night. It was a rough rash and itchy and sore on my body and arms, but it was running all day long on my face, neck and scalp. I began to think that I should never get well again but I am now well again and have all my hair on my head, thanks to Cuticura. After the first set, consisting of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, I began to find the benefit and after the second set the disease had almost disappeared. I can safely recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all who suffer from eczema in any shape or form. I never had the pleasure of leaving the house for over six weeks and I had to leave my employment and was out of work for over four months. D. Hyde, 389, Stony Hanton Rd., Coventry, England, Dec. 2, 1908."

Sore Hands and Feet

For red, rough and chapped hands, dry, fissured, itching, burning palms, with painful finger ends and shapeless nails, as well as for tired, itching, aching feet, warm baths with Cuticura Soap and gentle applications of Cuticura Ointment are simply wonderful.

Cuticura Remedies are sold wherever the British Flag floats. Depots: London, 27, Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5, Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; India, B. K. Paul, Calcutta; [illegible] Ltd., Cape Town, etc. [illegible] depot, liberal sample [illegible] Chem. Corp., Sole [illegible] page book on skin and scalp.

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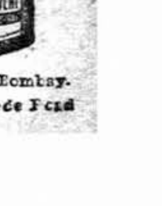
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An effervescing combination of the Tonic, Alterative and Laxative Salts similar to the celebrated Bitter Waters of Europe, fortified by the addition of Lithia and Sodium Phosphate. It stimulates the liver, tones intestinal glands, purifies the alimentary tract, improves digestion, assimilation and metabolism. Especially valuable in Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Attacks and Constipation. Most efficient in eliminating toxic products from intestinal tract or blood, and correcting vicious or impaired functions. For sale by chemists.



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SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Singu, 1,912 tons, Captain W. B. Marison, will sail to-day for Rangoon, with a general cargo.

The Hall Line steamer Langton Hall, 2,881 tons, Captain B. H. Haddy, arrived in harbour on Monday evening for Liverpool with a general cargo.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Onda, 3,409 tons, C ptain R G Dogge, sailed on Tuesday, for Muskat via Karachi with the same bottom cargo.

The Wilson Line steamer Hindoo 3,156 tons, Captain C. A. Groves sailed on Tuesday for Hull via Karachi, with a general cargo.

The steamer Umhloti, 1,398 tons, Captain A. Clarke will sail to-day for Hull and Antwerp with a general cargo.

The B. I. S N Co's steamer Lalpoora, 2,128 tons, Captain F. W. Fry, sailed on Tuesday for Calcutta, via Coast ports, with a general cargo and Mr. Burnes, Mrs. Beresford, Miss Johnson, and 28 soldiers deck passengers.

The B. I. S. N. Co's steamer Goalpara, 1,458 tons, Captain J. A. Davidson arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Bushire etc. with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr. Graham, Miss Leager, Miss H. Singer, Mr. and Mrs. Pribhsing, Mr. Wadia Masterkeers and 32 deck.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

R I M S Northbrook Comdr A. J. Marsack...R I Marine
R I M S Hardinge Lt LaTouche ....R I Marine
R I M S Dalhousie...Comdr C Stocken ......R I Marine
R I M S Palinurus Lieut Thune in charge...Survey St
R I M S Investigator...Lieut Thune in charge Survey St

In the Stream.

H M S Proserpine Comdr...Leatham.........Royal Navy
R I M S Dufferin ...Lieut Gould Smith...... R I Marine

VESSELS IN DOCK.—June 1.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel. Ton. Capt. Dest. Date. Agents.
A Delta...4780...Snow...Shanghai...23-6...P & O Co
B Kybfels...3179Etrickey...Karachi5-6 W & A G & Co
C&R Locksley Hall...... 2310Mason ..... Antwerp...8-6 K Nixon & Co
D & E Chupra...3954...Henderson ...Antwerp......14-6 M M & Co
F Courland...760......Ebrahim .....N-F...B S N Co Ld
G Mozaffari.1387Moloney...Durban ...4-6 B & P S N Co
H Majidi...1857Primrose..Jeddah...5-6...B & P S N Co
K Umhloti...398Clarke ...Amsterdam ...2-6 R A Willis
L Mahnadi......547...Ahamed......N-F...B S N Co Ld
...Ferguson......3109Jones.........Madras.........2-6
O Somali...1616 F Muir & Co
N Langton Hall......2882Durban...2-6......A Strandes ...10-6...K
Q Haidari,.1563de Lorne.Mauritius ...4-6 B & P S N Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Kt Templar 4601Billett Dunkirk &c 4-6 K N & Co
2 Massilia ......8250Thomson ......Liverpool......10-6 W & G & Co
3 Naderi...1168Grey ..Busreh .....10-6B & P S N Co
4 Bezwada......3270......Brocq......N-F.....M M & Co
7 Djibouti...2397 James...Marseilles......5-6 K N & Co
9 Assaye...4359 Jones...... Shanghai...8-6 P & O Co
10 & 11 City of Glasgow...4111 Granhorn ...Karachi 3-6 K N & Co
12 & 13 Arabia...4167 Leigh ...London...5-6 P & O Co
14 Linga ..951Catbush......Karachi......4-6M M & Co
15 Bardiston...2500 Davies...Antwerp...5-6 M M & Co
16 Kassara...505......Elton ..Busreh ..3-6...M M & Co

M W D D

Indravati...573 ......Fakeera... .. N-F......B S N Co Ld

ARRIVALS.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	From
31	Langton Hall s ...	Haddy	Liverpool, May4
June 1	Goalpara s	Davidson	Bushire, May 19

DEPARTURES.

May	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
1	Harlesden s	Gray	Philadelphia
	Afrie s	Bartole	Trieste, &c
	Moshari s	Green	Busreh, &c
	Lalpoora s	Fry	Calcutta, &c
	Onda s...	Dogge	Muskat, &c
	Hindoo s	Groves......	Hull, &c

The following vessels obtained their portclearance yesterday :—

Steamer Umhloti, Clarke for Hull &c.
„ Singu, Marrison for Rangoon.

The Steamer Clumberhall, entered for loading yesterday for Antwerp and Hamburg.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Austrian Lloyd's Steamer Silesia, left Trieste on the 27th instant and is due here on the 18th June.

DAILY EXPORTS—JUNE 1.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Massilia s—34 bales cotton-waste, T Canji ; 18,053 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 30,660 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros ; 129 bales wool, N Khataw ; 116 bales wool, A H Mowji and Co ; 2,000 cwts bone meal, Croft Mody and Co.

City of Glasgow s—998 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR LONDON.

Arabia s—260 cwts turmeric, R Jewandas and Co ; 72 cwts fishmaws, R Dhunji and Co ; 40 bales hemp, D M Doongaji and Co ; 17 bales hides and skins, R M Kooka ; 113 bales hides and skins, W and A Graham and Co ; 17 bales hides, M J Joomabhoy and Co ; 10 bales skins, R Moloobhoy ; 3 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Massilia s—2,857 cwts teelseed, 2,500 cwts grain, 6,200 cwts castorseed, 500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros ; 405 cwts turmeric, R Jewandas and Co.

FOR ROTTERDAM.

Arabia s—23 1/2 cwts mica, Cox's Shipping Agency.

FOR HULL.

Hindoo s—40 bales hemp, D M Doongaji and Co ; 900 cwts cottonseed, Volkart Bros.

Umhloti s—1,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Kt Templar s—560 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 2,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR NEW YORK.

Arabia s—7 bales carpets, Fleming Shaw and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chupra s—110 bales cotton, A Moritz and Co ; 3,992 cwts rapeseed, J Facheri ; 600 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 14,000 cwts wheat, David Sassoon and Co.

Locksley Hall s—1,680 cwts teelseed, 1,299 cwts groundnuts, 2,010 cwts rapeseed, 11,700 cwts castorseed, 14,300 cwts linseed and 3,000 cwts poppyseed, Ralli Bros.

Bardistan s—185 bales cotton-fly, W Wolf and Sons ; 10,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co ; 6,600 cwts wheat, N Rajaram and Co.

Clumber Hall s—2,000 tons manganese ore, Schroder Smith and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Kybfels s—55 bales cotton, Glade and Co ; 250 bales cotton, Ralli Bros ; 100 bales cotton, and 60 bales cotton-fly, W. Wolf and Sons ; 8 bales cotton-fly, J C Tadewalla ; 125 bales hemp, T Purshotum and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Djiboute s—3,500 cwts linseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR BARCELONA.

Massilia s—150 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Assaye s—600 bales twist, Greaves Cotton and Co ; 153 bales twist, Framji Sons and Co.

Delta s—1,250 bales cotton, Volkart Bros.

FOR HONGKONG.

Assaya s—110 cwts olibanum, D Canji.

FOR OSAKA.

Assaye s—300 bales cotton, H N Madraswalla and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Assaye s—80 cwts gum, A H Mowjee and Co ; 400 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR Cool and Comfort use only B. E. C. FANS.

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If you wish to have your SHIKAR Trophies mounted, you cannot do better than entrust them to us, the leading firm of TAXIDERMISTS. We possess many beautiful and chaste designs for mounting Tusks, Horn and Hoof Trophies and can guarantee the fidelity of a likeness, and the quality and finish of our production in the setting up of heads and Skins for which we were awarded a GOLD MEDAL at the BOMBAY EXHIBITION. Write for Catalogue with Testimonials and Press Opinions.

MURRAY BROTHERS, PRACTICAL AND ARTISTIC TAXIDERMISTS, DHUN CASTLE, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

WANTED—Diabetes of any stage is cured Positive and Absolute by our Steel Mixture, a God-send to the "Hopeless." A few days' trial to tell its curative power. Happiest result everywhere. Price Rs. 4. Supplied from the MANAGER, British Chemical Works, Kidderpore, Calcutta.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters ... should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 2, 1909.

THE BALUCHISTAN BORDER.

The civilisation of Baluchistan proceeds apace and for a year past no cases of fanatical outrage in any part of the Agency has been reported. There has also been a very satisfactory decrease in serious crime during the year, and it is worthy of remark that no sentence of capital punishment was inflicted. The conduct of the tribes has been consistently good "with but one or two slight exceptions." The Afghan and Persian borders of Baluchistan have been very peaceful on the whole, the only exceptions being raids in the Zhob district by Sherani and Suleman Khel outlaws. Nevertheless there was an enormous increase in the arms trade between the Persian Gulf and Afghanistan. Large numbers of rifles and a vast amount of ammunition are reported to have been landed on the Persian coast. Arrangements were made to reinforce the garrison at Robat, with a view to preventing these arms being taken through British territory. The Afghan traders have since successfully brought all their large consignments into Afghanistan through Persian territory, but fortunately that does not prevent our efforts to suppress the traffic, which bodes us no good from the trans-border tribes. The distribution of modern fire-arms to semi-savage tribesmen must lead to friction, for it is not to be supposed that being in possession of good weapons and abundant ammunition they will not attempt to use them. Instead of having fewer disturbances on the border, the prospect is we shall have more of them. The Zhob depredations, already referred to, were of an unusually active type. At the beginning of the official year, dealt with in the newly issued report, outlaws committed an outrage at Narwasak, in the Sherani country, on a party of travellers coming by the Chubar Khel Dhana route, of whom six, including a woman, were killed. Spin, a Largha Sherani outlaw, is believed to have been the leader of the gang, and he is credited with having obtained help and harbourage from the Khidarzais on the Derajat side. A raid, which followed soon afterwards, and was set down against the notorious outlaw, Sadagul, was committed on Koriawasta. Two coolies were killed and a relation of Atta Khan, the Sherani Sirdar, was carried into captivity, being released, however, a few months later. The tribe responsible was fined, it is satisfactory to know, and acknowledged the justice of the punishment.

Two or three exciting encounters between the Zhob levies and raiding gangs are recorded. In one the leader of the gang, Lawang, and one of his Suleman Khel followers were killed and two others wounded. The non-commissioned officer in charge of the Levy detachment was unfortunately fatally wounded. An armed gang of raiders attacked the grazing tax post at Shagalu, but was beaten off. Next a party of travellers was set upon by a gang of Khidarzai bad characters at Narwasak, and among the party, a camel sowar of Zhob levies, who was returning from leave was killed. Finally, a party of the Zhob Levy Corps, carrying pay to the Husain Nikka post, was attacked by a gang of desperadoes, consisting of Sherani emigrants who were worsted in the fight, two of them being killed and three rifles, two bandoliers and nine stolen donkeys were captured. On the Gomal border it is recorded that the notorious Sherani outlaw, Shikari, whose name has figured in many accounts of raids in that region, was captured by Afghan officials, in connection with the murder of a silversmith across the border, and it is stated that "he was put to death by order of His Majesty the Amir, by immersion in boiling oil." Punishments of the kind are doubtless more efficacious—and act as a deterrent on troublesome tribesmen—than our own, but cannot be resorted to by British officers. Still our own methods commend themselves to some of the tribesmen and we read that the Arozai section of the Sheranis, who, in consequence of the reservation of the Shinghar forest, emigrated to Afghanistan in 1905, and who have ever since swelled the ranks of malcontents on the Zhob border, have lately expressed a desire to return to their homes and a settlement has been come to with their headmen, who promised to return to Zhob in the spring or at the latest by the autumn of the present year. On the Mekran side of the border, neither disturbances nor raids occurred and complications, owing to the possession of the Kubak Fort by Mir Pasand Khan of Panjgur, elder brother of the deceased Ghulam Muhamad Nausherwan and a claimant to the fort, were averted through the timely action of the Assistant Political Agent for Mekran. With the death of another disaffected refugee from Mekran his troublesome following broke up. This brother Mir Nausherwan has petitioned to be allowed to return to Mekran and to re-occupy his lands in Bobda and Kolwa.

Several disputes which threatened to lead to feuds, have been settled through the instrumentality of the Political Agent, but others which were to be dealt with had to be postponed on account of the unsettled condition of Persia, which prevented the annual meeting of the Nazim of Mekran and the Deputy Governor of Bampur. And again the Political Agent records that "the illicit trade in arms through Persian Mekran from Muscat has greatly increased, and means have yet to be devised for stopping the traffic. The route generally taken by the arms caravans lies between Bampur and Magas." The matter has become serious, for consignments cannot but suffer appreciable leakage, and it is impossible to assess the number of modern weapons of precision which fall into the hands of turbulent tribesmen—a fact which is all the more disturbing when we find that in Kalat, for example, "some of the levy sowars are not provided with arms by the State, but use their own country weapons in the same manner as levies do in British Baluchistan." We find no detailed statement or any attempt even to state approximately the extent of this illicit trade in arms and ammunition, nor are any returns given of the number of weapons seized and destroyed. So far as shipments discovered on the high seas are concerned we have now and again unofficial reports of the exploits of boats' crews of ships of the East India Squadron and similarly unauthentic statements as to the transit of arms caravans across country, but it is apparently time that extensive, and probably more vigorous, attempts were made to suppress the traffic which bodes us no good, and must eventually increase the number and extent of our border troubles. The report before us shows these to be quite sufficiently numerous to keep our levies employed, but turbulent tribesmen, better armed than they have been, cannot but increase our responsibility as well as our anxiety.

FIGHTING ON WHEELS.

We have already heard that the German manœuvres of this year are to be remarkable for the use of airships, and it now appears from the meagre details given in the recently published programme, that not only is all work to be done with extended formation—a great change from the barrack-square formation to which the German Army is accustomed, not only is wireless telegraphy practically to monopolize the whole of the telegraphic work of the field, but very extended use is to be made of motor-cars, covered with a bullet-proof steel sheath, which transforms them into miniature moveable forts. The war-car is a totally different thing from the transport and supply-car or private automobile. These latter could only operate with safety well to the rear of the advance troops, whereas the former is designed to push boldly to the front and take a definite offensive in the fighting line. Not only Germany, but France and Austria have already constructed some highly ingenious specimens of these battle motors, but at present England still lags behind them. They carry quick-firing guns and the armour which covers their vital parts has been tested to firing tests at close range. The work expected of them is enormous. Not only are they to be called on to guard the flanks of the army, but it will be their duty to rush forward and seize and hold bridges and forts and in the event of retreat, since their guns are revolving, they form a powerful rear-guard to hold the enemy in check until the retreating troops have rallied in positions of advantage. The military correspondent of a Home contemporary gives the following description of the car's duties:—They will carry tiny garrisons of from ten to twelve men, and as they work along the main roads they will act as supports and rallying points to bodies of cyclists who, acting as the monster's tentacles, will search and examine the country between their own road and the next, sure always of being able to retire on the protection of the mobile fort and its machine-gun. Further occasions will arise where, when opposing hostile infantry or cavalry, the war motor can be used to defend or assault points, such as a bridge or a defile, and they will be invaluable for the purpose of a sudden rush to cover an attack, or hold on limpet-like to some post until reinforcements can arrive. In these days cover from fire is so important, that many occasions will arise when these small mobile forts, which can ignore the rifle fire of an enemy, will prove of immense value in assisting the efforts of their infantry or cavalry. Whether the cars will be able to do all that is claimed for them remains to be seen, but even if they have to keep to roads, and such would be largely their work in European warfare, they should be of immense value.

SWEATED INDUSTRIES UNDER FREE TRADE.

The Opposition joined with the Government in pushing the Sweated Industries Bill through its second stage, and for that purpose Mr. Harry Mark's amendment was withdrawn. Both sides of the House were in agreement upon the urgency of removing poor folk in the tailoring and other trades from the clutches of the sweater, and the Government in the "Trade Boards Bill"—its official description—seek to do this by setting up wages boards to fix a minimum wage rate. The measure, however, would be far more effective, did it only include the principle of a little bill which Mr. Mark brought forward a few weeks ago, but which was refused admission by the Ministerialists and the Labour members. This measure prohibited the importation into England of goods produced by foreign labour at lower wages than those prevailing in England. If wages are raised at home by the trade boards in the sweated industries, the products of sweated workshops abroad are only likely to obtain a readier market. The measure, as it is now drafted, is most likely to have the effect of taking away altogether the livelihood of the sweated worker. Mr. Balfour hinted at amendments in Committee which will exclude from the bill's operation, industries which are likely to suffer in competition with the foreign sweaters. Obviously, while very considerably limiting the scope of the bill, these would remove its effect from the very industries, which need it most. However, the bill has one virtue, and for the sake of that alone we will be grateful for it. It must give the worker a very forcible illustration of how futile it is for him to attempt to improve or protect his position under a Free Trade system. Mr. Ramsay Macdonald, the late Secretary to the Labour Party, realises this. He will have nothing to do with the bill, not because he has no sympathy with the sweated workers, but because he sees how far it must force the workman and voter towards the acceptance of Tariff Reform. Neither, we may be sure, has this point escaped the observance of the Opposition, who are so readily assisting the Government to help the measure forward.

SIGNOR MARCORA AND ITALY'S DEFENCES.

Peaceful Italy has her agitators, just as peace-loving England. So Signor Marcora's outbreak need not come as a surprise. There is something inspiriting in his appeal to his countrymen to devote all their energies to freeing their country from the yoke of the foreigner lying in ambush on their frontier. Italy cannot forget Austrian aggression, and the jubilee of the liberation of Lombardy naturally brings back to memory the incidents of the war of 1859, the more effectually for Signor Marcora's purpose, as Austria, like Germany, though not to the same extent, is pushing ahead with the augmentation of her military and naval forces. After the meeting of Napoleon III and the Count Cavour in the summer of 1858, all Italy was singing Mercantini's "Inno di Garibaldi," *Si scopron le tombe* : "The dead have arisen, the graves are reft wide, Our own beloved martyrs are all on our side, With swords in their hands and their laurel-crowns won, Whilst their hearts are on fire with Italia's name. O hasten, O hasten, ye youthful and brave, To where the tricolour above you doth wave, With fire in your hearts and your blades girded on, And your souls with a noble desire all aflame Begone from our Italy's borders, ye strangers, And free be our country from all foreign rangers." All Italy may sing this again now, but there is no necessity for another Garibaldi to raise his "Cacciatori delle Alpi." There is, we think, no need for the present-day Cavour to propose a vote of credit for warlike purposes. Austria will hesitate a long time yet to come. She is not sufficiently free of dangers in another direction to hanker after a fresh struggle with Italy.

KAIRA MUNICIPALITY.

Kaira has fallen into deep disgrace, as is shown by the Press Note issued yesterday, in which it is notified that several Councillors of the Municipality and the auditors are to be proceeded against. Government is of opinion that the Municipality should be superseded for a period of three years and this is accordingly to be done. It is a considerable time now since a Municipality in the Bombay Presidency has been dealt with, and never before one of the importance of that of Kaira. But the facts as stated in the official communication, published in our news columns, show that no other course was open to Government.

Captain Affleck Graves, who was wounded on the Frontier is making a good recovery.

Owing to the S. W. monsoons the Cutch and Kathiawar Ports have been closed from the 31st May, and mails will exclusively be sent by the land route.

On Sunday evening last, Arabindo Ghose, at a well attended meeting of the Dharma Rakshin Sabha Utterpara, spoke on "Self-realisation through Religion."

A quarter of a million people are following a new theory, originated by Dr. Fair, at Boston, U.S.A., by which they hope to live 1,000 years. They will dress in white, live on vegetables and nuts, abjuring milk, meat, and oil, sleep in a draught, take long "dinner hours," and remain alone for half an hour a day.

It has been decided to place in the first-class smoking-rooms of the Kaiser Wilhelm II. photographs of well-known gamblers whose operations have led to complaints from passengers. Warnings to passengers have been posted up in various languages, but these have had little effect, while it has been found practically impossible to induce those who complain of being swindled to prosecute.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

SOME SPLENDID RUNNING.

Rifle Shooting.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, May 14.

Although representatives of the British Isles won twice as many events at the Olympic Games as all the visiting competitors combined, the loss of the Marathon Race was a big disappointment. Many declared Englishmen were losing their stamina and so on, but better judges knew otherwise. The real reason of the poor showing of the home athletes was their want of experience at the game, and the writer alone pointed this out prior to the race. Since that memorable day in July of 1908, there has been a genuine attempt to develop Marathon runners, but the credit of this is not due to the Amateur Athletic Association, nor the National Cross-Country Union, the two bodies above all others, which should have moved in the matter. Fortunately, a more enterprising spirit is shown in other directions, and the Polytechnic Institute, in particular, deserves much praise. This club held the first of what will be an annual race for the Sporting Life 500 guineas (2,500 dollars) Trophy last Saturday, the course being from Windsor to Stamford Bridge—26 miles 385 yards. There is no doubt about the distance, but the course is a bit easier than from Windsor to the Stadium, as the latter contains some up-hill work at Harrow. Saturday's race served to show that England has some fine stayers, and the knowledge gained by the time the Olympic Games of 1912 come round, ought to enable them to show up prominently, even if victory is not gained. The outstanding feature of the race under notice, was the capital judgment shown by Barrett, the winner. He was well behind the leaders up to 20 miles, but simply left them standing still at the finish.

Barrett's victory was very pleasing to the writer, who was his attendant for the Olympic Marathon Race, when a "crocked" knee compelled him to retire at 12 miles. Prior to the race, the writer demonstrated to Barrett that the pace in the trial for it was much too fast at the start, and that the English runners would probably commit the same error again. Barrett finally saw this and agreed not to run the first ten miles in better than 61 mins. and it was only a few weeks back that he showed the piece of paper on which your correspondent had figured out the times for the trial and showed how the leaders fell away at the finish. That an even pace all the way, with the first five miles was faster than the last five, is the best policy for a Marathon race, Barrett has now ably demonstrated. He was thirteenth at ten miles in 59mins. 52secs. the leaders Lizandier (France) and Hayes (Ireland) doing 56mins. 57secs. Lord and Green led at 15 miles (1hour 28mins. 4secs.) with Barrett now ninth, in 1 hour 30mins. 4secs. He had drawn up to fifth place at 15 miles, but was now 3mins. and 8secs. behind Lord, whose time was 1hour 58mins. 57secs. While the latter, however, was now getting slower, Barrett was keeping up the same steady pace and at 24 miles he was close behind Lord and passed him directly afterwards. The race was now all over, for Barrett ran his 25th mile in 6mins. 30secs. and his 26th in 6mins. 47secs, while Lord took 7mins. 11secs. and 7mins. 35secs. Barrett entered the grounds with a lead of 400 yards and finally won by 2mins., his time being 2 hours 42mins. 31secs. Lord doing 2 hours 44mins. 33secs. and H. Green 2 hours 49mins., with A Townsend fourth in 2hours 52mins. 42secs. Barrett ran ten miles in 59mins. 52secs. and his next five miles in 30mins. 12secs. his next five in 32mins. 1sec. and the next five in 32mins. 15secs., which is very even running indeed. The men had to face a strong east wind, and the dust was also trying, consequently the leaders did very well indeed and their performances compare favourably with anything amateurs have accomplished. Barrett is not yet 28, so ought, with care, to be all right for the Olympic Marathon in three years' time. Perhaps even more may be expected from H. Green (third) who is only 22. He made the mistake of forcing the running at about the half distance and naturally paid the penalty. Had he run with Barrett from the start, it is quite likely he would have been near him at the finish and the lesson ought not to be thrown away. Townsend finished very strongly and would very likely do a big performance at 50 miles.

PROFESSIONAL RUNNERS.

The news that St. Yves had beaten his rivals in the professionol "Marathon" on the New York Polo grounds for the purse of £2,000 (10,000 dollars) did not surprise sportsmen here. The victory of Shrubb over Longboat in their 15 miles match at Montreal was also anticipated. One of Shrubb's old rivals in A. Aldridge has been challenging the world some time and at last there is some possibility that C. W. Gardiner of London will take him on. The latter had to play second fiddle to H. Farrow (London) in a one hour's race at Millwall this week, the winner being credited with a distance of 11 miles 956 yards. This is too good to be true, and as Gardiner won a five miles handicap from the 50 yards mark in 24mins. 56secs. the following day, the course was no doubt short.

RIFLE SHOOTING.

What really deserves to rank as the most important sporting event last Saturday, was the marching and firing competition for the "Daily Telegraph" Cup, Dewar Trophy and General's Cup. The competition is for teams which have to march ten miles 660 yards in 2 hours 45mins. and then fire. The aim of the leader, of course, is to get his team to the firing mark in good condition and yet have a short rest before shooting. Naturally the best athletes are the least fatigued and so in better condition to make a good score. The "Daily Telegraph" Cup was won by the 1st Life Guards' team and it is a feather in their caps that the troopers beat the foot soldiers, the 2nd Scots Guards and the 1st Coldstream Guards came next, with the 28th County of London Territorials fourth. At one time the Volunteers used to invariably beat the Regulars, but the latter have done much better since they have used the new short rifle. The Dewar Trophy went to the London Scottish (Volunteers) with a score of 270, the 3rd Grenadier Guards (260) and 1st Scots Guards (220) second and third ; while the individual honours were carried off by Private Walton, Civil Service (Volunteers) and Sergeant Ludlow, 2nd Grenadier Guards.

CYCLING.

That promising rider, W. J. Bailey of London, gave further proof at the Rovers' (Birmingham) meeting that he is destined for championship honours. He was leading 120 yards from home in the 500 yards scratch race, when a puncture spoilt his chance, but he made up for this by winning the half mile handicap from scratch and also the five miles scratch race. He had to get up for the latter directly after finishing the half mile race and his success clearly shows what a fine stayer he is. Turning to the doings of the professionals, R. Shirley, the famous ex-amateur road rider, means to see what he can do behind pace this season, and with A. E. Wills (world's one-hour record holder) also to represent England, perhaps more laurels will come to the old country than in recent years. Three very big events have recently been decided in France. Paris was the scene of the sprint and 100 kilometres (62 miles 246 yards) French championship, while the 100 kilometres road championship was held over a circular course in the Versailles district. The sprint race enabled Dupre to score from Delage, while Jacquelin and Paulain were beaten in the semi-final. The 100 kilometres paced event really developed into a match between Parent and Darragon, the former eventually winning easily in 1 hour 15 mins. 17 4-5secs. A new man came to the fore in the road championship. This was Alavoine, who is barely 21, and as his time was 2 hour, 41mins. 50secs. and he beat some tried performers, his future ought to be bright.

THE TURF.

There has been some queer wagering over the Derby this week. At one time Bayardo went out to twenties, but he has since come into more favour and now stands at 10 to 1. Sir Martin's satisfactory debut in a race here naturally brought him into favour, and he will probably start at less than 5 to 1, the present quotations, for the big Epsom race. Sir Martin's performance in carrying 9st. 10lbs to victory in the Welter Weight Handicap at Newmarket on Wednesday, clearly shows that the American colt is all right. He easily conceded the weight to his rivals, none of which, however, were much class. What does seem impressive, however, is that Sir Martin ran the mile in 1min. 38 3-5secs. This was over the same course the Two Thousand Guineas was run on, when Minoru carried 9st. and won comfortably in 1min. 37 4-5secs. Of the two performances, that by the King's colt is certainly the best, the four-fifth of a second representing about 12 yards in distance, which more than makes up for the 10lbs. difference in weight. It ought to be a fine race, however, and as pointed out before, Sir Martin looks to represent the chief obstacle in the way of a Royal victory. Next to Sir Martin's win, the chief event at the Newmarket Meeting this week was the Newmarket Stakes over 1½ miles. In this Louviers, third to Minoru in the Two Thousand Guineas, won comfortably from Electra, the One Thousand Guineas winner, in 2mins. 5 1/5 secs. This is a good performance for a three-year-old under an impost of 126lbs. and enhances the form of Minoru. Wednesday's racing will be remembered for the success of American animals which won four events and gained second place in another. The Queen of Hearts gelding, led off by taking the Selling Plate and then came Sir Martin's win, while Sixty II carried Mr. H. P. Witney's colours to the fore in the Chesterfield Maiden Plate, and Esperanto secured another Plate for Mr. J. R. Keene, as a wind-up to the day.

A FAST RACE.

The "Times" referred to above remind one of a very fine performance in the Jubilee Handicap at Kempton Park last Saturday. The distance is 1 1/4 miles, the first portion around a bend, and yet Ebor, 4 years, carried 105lbs. and ran the distance in 2mins. 2 3/5secs. The unlucky Dean Swift, aged, 122lbs. was beaten by three-quarters of a length and so accomplished still another good performance without winning.

CRICKET.

The Australians have won their first and second matches in good style, and emphasised what a powerful lot of batsmen they are. So far, Trumper, Armstrong and Bardsley have done well with the Willow, and both, against Nottingham and Northamptonshire, they were responsible for the best batting. Some of the home critics have already made up their minds that the Australian bowling is nothing very especial, but really it is too early to decide that point yet. Certainly Armstrong has done the best with the ball so far, but O'Connor, Whitty, Macartney and Cottor are bound to improve, and when they find their form will probably surprise many people. Early as it is in the tour, it is quite certain all the visitors can be depended on for runs, and the English bowlers will have no rest until the tenth wicket has fallen. The visitors had Notts virtually beaten when the last letter was despatched, and by getting the home side out for 144 in the second innings, they won by an innings and six runs. Armstrong took 3 wickets for 27, making 8 for 82 for the match. In the second match it looked as though Northants would make a fight of it at one time. Bardsley's 76, Trumper's 56 and Armstrong's 79 were the best scores in the first innings (319), and Bardsley made 63 (not out) towards the 120 (for one) in the second venture—the visitors winning by 9 wickets, the best bowling was shown by Armstrong, 5 for 57 in the second innings while O'Connor got 3 for 30. Everyone is pleased at the success of Trumper, who is a favourite in England, and the good things said of Bardsley appear to be well deserved. Ransford has created a very favourable impression by his fielding at deep third man and long leg, and the manner he returns the ball from the boundary is truly remarkable.

THE HOME CRACKS.

Several of the home cracks have been showing brilliant form lately, and first recognition must go to Hayward and Hobbs, who made 352 for the first wicket in the second innings of the Surrey vs. Warwickshire match. The former was not out with 204 opposite his name, when the innings was declared closed, 400 up for 4 wickets, while Hobbs made 159. C. B. Fry made 60 in the second innings of the Hants vs. Surrey match, and another test player in Braund obliged with 118 for Somerset vs. Yorks. Then we had Kinnear making 133 for Warwick against Surrey and R. B. Heygate played an innings of 136 for Sussex vs. Derbyshire. Besides this, A. E. Stoddart and Vogler (from South Africa) have also played three-figure innings lately ; the former for Zingari against the Household Brigade and the latter for Woodbrook Club and Ground (Ireland) against Hants.

AUSTRALIANS vs. ESSEX.

The Australians are now playing Essex at Leyton, this being their opening match in the metroplitan district, and they certainly commenced well. Hartigan and Noble only made 4 runs between them, but two of the new men in Bardsley and Ransford, both left-handers, then played splendidly and defied all the bowlers until the score reached 368 when Ransford was beaten for a splendid contribution of 174, at which stage Bardsley's total stood at 179. The latter was run out when he had made 219, the first double century of the tour. After this Trumper played an attractive innings of 74 and when stumps were pulled up last evening the score was 525 for 6.

On resuming to-day, the score was carried to 609, (Armstrong being not out with 59 to his credit) when the innings was declared closed. The Essex men were thus faced with a severe task and three men were out with only 59 runs on the board, so unless rain stops play the visitors look like winning easily.

IN GENERAL.

The Earl of Chesterfield, Lord Hawke and Lord Harris will represent England at the Imperial Cricket Conference to be held on June 15.

It is proposed to play the matches for the America Cup (Polo) on June 23, 26 and 30.

Sam McVea can find backing for a match against the winner of the Ian Hague vs. Sam Langford contest.

An angler recently caught a trout weighing 8lbs. 6oz. in the Lea at Ware.

His Majesty attended the Newmarket Races this week and looked very well after his continental holiday.

The Everton and Tottenham football teams for the Argentine leave Southampton by the "Araguaya" to-day.

The "gate" for the F. A. Cup final amounted to £6,434, while the six stages brought in £69,561.

Eustice Miles has just won the Tennis Championship for the eighth time, beating N. S. Lython by 3 sets to 0 in the final. J. H. Taylor showed fine form in the Cruden Bay Golf Tournament and beat J. Braid by one hole in the final.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

BOMBAY BRIGADE ORDERS.

Wednesday, June 2.

Lieutenant J. Fenwick, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the Subordinate Medical Charge, Station Hospital Deolali.

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave of absence out of India from the 25th April to 31st October.

Liet.-Colonel William Layard Dunlop, V. D., Commandant, Bombay Volunteer Rifles.

Bombay—Arrivals—June 1.—Capt Singleton, H L I, from England.
Capt Croker, the Royal Scots, from Ranikhet.
Capt Reid, the Royal Scots, from Ranikhet.
Lieut Willerby, Duke of Well, from Ambala.
Capt Cobb, Duke of Well, from Ambala.
Lt-Col Cartwright, 36th Jacob's Horse, from Ooty.
Lieut Bruce, 14th Hus., from England.
Lt-Col Burton, 83rd M L I, from Cannanore.
Lieut Kinson, 24th Punj, from Saugor.
Col Ducat, Poona Horse, from England.

Departures, June 1.—Maj. Jones, Durh. L. I., to Nasirabad.
Br-Genl Brunker, Ispr. of Arty., to England.
Lieut. Bruce, S.A., to Bangalore.
Lt.-Col. Burton, I.M.S, to Aden.
Col. Ducat, Poona Horse, to Aurrangabad.
Capt. Eamas, 1st C.R, to Dagohai.
Capt. Crocker, The Royal Scots, to Ranikhet.
Capt. Reid, the Royal Scots, to Ranikhet.
Lieut. Willerby, Duke of Well, to Ambala.
Capt. Cobb, Duke of Well. to England.
Lieut. Norton, R.F.A., to England.
Col. Herbert, 19th Punjabis, to England.
Lieut. Kirke, R.E., to England.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, June 1.

Lieut.-Colonel A. J. R. Moberly, of the British service, has been appointed to officiate as P. M. O., Bangalore and Southern Brigades with effect from 1st proximo.

ITALY'S DEFENCE.

REMARKABLE SPEECH IN THE CHAMBER.

The Foreigner on the Frontier.

DISASTROUS MODERATION.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MAY 31.

A sensation has been caused in Italy by a speech of Signor Marcora, President of the Chamber, urging an increase of Italy's military strength.

He said that the glorious fiftieth anniversary of the liberation of Lombardy ought to inspire them to devote all their energies to freeing their country from the yoke of the foreigner lying in ambush on their frontier.

The "Messagero," commenting on the speech, says: "Since the effects of our moderation have been so disastrous, it is time that we spoke frankly like Signor Marcora."

THE ZEPPELIN AIRSHIP.

Unfortunate Accident.

MARVELLOUS ACHIEVEMENT.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Count Zeppelin collided with a tree at Goeppingen in Wurttemberg and stove in bows of his airship.

LONDON, JUNE 1.

Count Zeppelin was landing to replenish his petrol when the airship collided with the tree. Ninety feet of framework was ripped up and the forward rudder was destroyed.

Count Zeppelin hoped to return to Friedrichshafen to-day.

Germany is wild with enthusiasm over the feat of travelling eight hundred miles in thirty-eight hours.

GERMANY'S NAVY.

A Hopeful Official.

LONDON, JUNE 1.

Mr. George Lambert, Civil Lord of Admiralty, speaking at Bishops Nympton last night, said that it had now been ascertained that it was impossible for Germany to have seventeen "Dreadnoughts" ready by July, 1911. Only eleven had yet been ordered.

[As we showed the other day, however, the other six may have been laid down in anticipation of formal orders—a common custom in Germany.]

FRENCH AMBASSADORIAL CHANGES.

LONDON, MAY 31.

M. Louis, the Departmental Chief of the French Foreign Ministry, has been appointed Ambassador at St. Petersburg. M. Bompard has been appointed to Constantinople.

PLAGUE OUTBREAK IN CHINA.

Many Deaths.

LONDON, MAY 31.

Reuter wires from Amoy that bubonic plague has appeared in various parts of Southern China. Fifty deaths are occurring daily at Tsuentsiu.

THE SITUATION IN PERSIA.

Turkish Troops Occupy Sujbulak.

LONDON, JUNE 1.

A telegram to the "Times" from Teheran states that it is reported that Turkish regular troops have occupied Persian territory at Sujbulak near the frontier.

Reuter wires from Tabriz that a large force of Turks is stated to be about to occupy Khoy Salmas and Urumia.

CAPTAIN BUCKWORTH.

Commits Suicide.

LONDON, JUNE 1.

Captain Herbert William Buckworth has committed suicide at the Strand Hotel.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, MAY 31.

The death is announced of Mr. P. A. M'Hugh, M.P.

[Mr. Patrick Aloysius M'Hugh entered Parliament as Nationalist Member for North Sligo at the General Election. The son of a farmer, he took to journalism and became editor of the "Sligo Chanampion" and also Mayor of Sligo first in 1888 and then regularly each year from 1895 to 1900. He was originally intended for the Roman Catholic Ministry but in 1879 he went to Paris where he commenced writing. Prior to being elected for North Sligo he was member for North Leitrim, his native county, from 1892 to 1906.]

SIR WILLIAM TRELOAR, at the dinner of the London Coffee and Eating House Keepers' Benevolent Association, said that recently he met a friend who said, "Let's see, Treloar, have you been Lord Mayor, or are you going to be?" Such was fame. A woman passing the Lord Mayor's official residence was heard to answer a companion's question with the words, "Why, that's the Mansion House—where I get's my fourteen days." It was true that the Lord Mayor daily encountered great people, who were so agreeable, that he fancied they took an interest in him. They dug him in the ribs and smoked his cigars, but if he met them in Pall Mall six months later—well, they didn't know him.

RAIDING ON THE FRONTIER.

Position Becoming Dangerous.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 1.

The activity of raiding parties on the stretch of the Frontier, southwards from Tochi, is very disconcerting, says the "Pioneer." It shows that the Mahsuds and nondescript bands of outlaws are determined to give trouble. As pointed out, a few days ago, the tribesmen have become possessors of a large number of breach-loading rifles, and a spirit of aggression has sprung up among them. It is calculated that some 10,000 rifles have been bought in the past two years by the clans, who are controlled by the Mullah Powindah, that crafty intriguer having seen the advantages of a systematic re-armament of his adherents. He has forgotten the punitive expeditions and the counter-raids which inflicted a certain amount of punishment upon the Mahsuds, and he would seem to be bent upon forcing a quarrel with the Government of India.

The attacks upon border posts are probably made in a spirit of bravado, for they are invariably ineffective, but they indicate an insolent belief in the armed strength of the tribesmen. But the roads also that give communication between the Militia outposts and our Frontier Cantonments are no longer safe, the attack last week upon Captain Affleck Graves having shown that officers cannot move in the ordinary course of duty without running some risk.

This is a state of affairs which cannot be tolerated, for an indefinite time and the policy of non-interference in the Hinterland, may have to be modified. There is no likelihood of any improvement in our relations with the tribesmen; on the contrary their aggressiveness is practically certain to increase and the existing trouble may assume a very serious form.

Two Waziristan Militia Corps have now to be constantly on the alert, and their duties are a heavy tax upon both officers and men. Various outrages in the Zhob Valley prove how widespread is tribal restlessness and, though there is, so far, no combination among the bands in that quarter and the Mahsuds to the north, they have one common object in view in the harrying of the Irregular Corps and Border Police that are responsible for keeping the peace of the borderland.

The Mullah Powindah's enmity to Government which he has often defied in the past, is the important factor in the case, and he may have to be called to account. He has been left severely alone since 1902, though the Mahsud question has more than once approached a critical stage; but he is now wilfully creating a dangerous position for himself.

INDO-CEYLON COMMUNICATION.

Project Sanctioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 1.

It may be remembered, that some months ago, there was a Conference between the Government of Madras and Ceylon and the President of the Railway Board, regarding Railway communication between India and Ceylon. It was decided that the best plan would be to make a connection between Mandapam and the Island of Rameswaram, by means of a viaduct and swing bridge. The Secretary of State has further approved an estimate of Rs. 3,20,000 for a line from Rameswaram to Danishkodi, which will be the terminus of the ferry service. The Colonial Office are in accord with the India Office in this matter and the project can now be proceeded with.

The Madras Government stipulated at the Conference that it should be open to them at some future time, to revive the alternative proposal to construct a canal across Rameswaram and build a port at Port Ampthill, but it is unlikely that this larger project will be necessary for many years to come.

ARREST OF SANTI MUKHERJEE.

To be Sent to Faridpur.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

An "Indian Daily News" telegram, dated Dacca, the 31st May, states:—One Santi Mukherjee was arrested by the Police last evening under peculiar circumstances. Santi was inside a house, when he heard a gentleman enquiring about a friend of his. Santi came out and was arrested by a Criminal Investigation Department Inspector and Sub-Inspector, who forthwith sent him to the Magistrate in a gharry. The arrest was made on a warrant issued by the District Magistrate of Faridpur. His father's house was searched and nothing incriminating is reported to have been found. Santi will be sent to Faridpur.

MUZUFFERPORE PERJURY CASE.

Jadulal from Nepal Surrenders.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

Jadulal, accused in the Muzufferpore Perjury case, who had escaped across the Nepal border, surrendered through the Motihari Magistrate. He was sentenced to three years' rigorous imprisonment. While the Magistrate ordered the forfeiture of his bail bond, his sureties will have to pay Rs. 50,000 each and he one lakh. Final orders will be passed to-morrow.

THE MANDI STATE.

Matters Satisfactorily Settled.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 1.

Matters have been satisfactorily arranged in the Mandi State and two Companies of the 32nd Sikh Pioneers are returning to Simla on the 7th instant.

THE MONSOON PROSPECT.

Favourable Report.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA. JUNE 1.

Cables received by the Meteorological Department from Zanzibar, Seychelles and Mauritius during the past week show the conditions in the Southern Indian Ocean, which the Meteorological Department do not consider unfavourable for the monsoon.

MIDNAPORE BOMB CASE.

Convictions Set Aside.

INFORMER'S SENTENCE REDUCED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Mookerjee delivered judgment to-day in the appeal of Rakhul Chandra Laha, the informer in the Midnapore Bomb case, who was sentenced to five years' rigorous imprisonment and fined Rs. 3,000. Their Lordships reduced the sentence to three and a half years and remitted the fine.

LATER.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Mookerji set aside the conviction against all the three accused in the Midnapore Bomb case to-day and ordered their release from custody. They held that the confessions were not voluntary and were improperly obtained and that in recording them neither the letter nor the spirit of the law had been complied with.

In the Midnapore judgment the Chief Justice first dealt with the confessions of Santosh and Surendra. The former's confession, he said, was improperly obtained. There was in the recording of it no complaint with either the letter or spirit of law on the vital point as to recording, the Magistrate satisfying himself that the confession was voluntarily made and was wrongfully admitted in evidence. The procedure with regard to Surendra's confession too was highly irregular, and they had decided after full and careful consideration that neither of the confessions were admissible against Surendra. The conviction, therefore, could not stand as there was no evidence direct or indirect against him apart from his confession.

Jogjibon at the time the conspiracy was alleged to have commenced was a boy of less than sixteen. Against him they had no evidence but that of Abdur Rahman, and the Advocate General had exercised a wise discretion in saying that he did not seriously press the case against him.

In regard to Santosh the only evidence, now that the confessions was ruled out, was the finding of the bomb in the house. The house was stated to be Peary's although Santosh was staying there and the finding of the bomb in a part of the house to which all the others had access was not evidence against him more than against the other members of his family. The defence stated that the bomb was placed there by the police and altogether evidence did not enable them to form a pronounced theory on that point. They were not prepared to waive it aside altogether, particularly in the method pursued in this case. After fully considering the points they had come to the conclusion that the conviction against all the three accused must be set aside, and they directed that they be released from custody.

MADRAS RAILWAY STRIKE.

Booking from Howrah to Madras Resumed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

The Bengal-Nagpur Railway state that the booking of passengers and parcels has been resumed from Howrah to Madras and on the Southern Mahratta Railway by mail trains.

MADRAS, JUNE 1.

Mr. A. E. Rencontre, president, and Mr. E. R. Osborne, vice-president, Anglo-Indian Association, had an informal meeting with the Drivers' Committee yesterday at Rayapuram. About twenty men on strike were present. The meeting was not open to the Press.

A number of passenger trains continue to run daily, but the goods trade is paralysed giving rise to much inconvenience in all directions. The Acting General Traffic Manager states that only a limited number of passenger trains will be run on the broad gauge system as engines are available. After this service has been arranged, any other engines available will be put on to goods trains to clear the detained traffic. Every effort is being made to clear perishable traffic.

ARABINDO GHOSE'S MESSAGE.

"Sanatana Dharma."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

At the anniversary of the meeting of the Utterpara Dharma Rakshini Sabha on Sunday, Arabindo Ghose, in delivering what he described as his message to the town which occupies two columns of Bengalee, said:—

"When Bepin Chander Pal came out of jail he came with a message. It was a message from God. I remember the speech he made. It was a speech not political but religious in its bearing and intention. I also came from jail and you are here to welcome me, not at a political meeting but at a meeting of a society for the protection of our religion. The message which God gave to Bepin Chander Pal in Buxar Jail, He has given to me in Alipore Jail," Ghose then said: "Two messages have been given to me. The first message was that the work given to me was to uplift this nation; the second message was that it was for the Sanatana Dharma that they arise. When it is said that India shall arise it is Sanatana Dharma. That shall rise when it is said that India shall be great, that India shall extend; it is Sanatan a Dharma, that India be great and extend." He concluded by saying, "This movement is not a political movement. Nationalism is not politics. It is a religion; it is a creed; it is a faith."

WALKER HOSPITAL AT SIMLA.

Improvement Committee Appointed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA. JUNE 1.

A Committee of Colonel Lukis, I. M. S., Colonel Bate, I.M.S., and Messrs. A. M. Ker and A. Meredith, with Captain Leicester, I.M.S., as Secretary, has been appointed to report upon what can be done to improve the arrangements in connection with the Walker Hospital at Simla.

AN extract from a letter, written by a defendant to a plaintiff which was read at the Clerkenwell County Court, ran: "Proceed in your own sweet way, but don't venture to call here with the extended hand of friendship and a summons in the other, or I shall promise you a very hot time."

PEOPLE'S PARK FOR LAHORE.

Proposal by the Lieutenant Governor.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, JUNE 1.

A proposal to lay out a People's Park in the city of Lahore on the fort glacis and at Badami Bagh has been made by the Lieutenant-Governor and a Committee of the industrial and Agricultural Exhibition of the Punjab has been asked to bear this proposal in mind when preparing the ground for the exhibition and erecting any temporary buildings which might be of use in the park when the exhibition is over.

The recent utterances in the Press have directed the attention of Government to the necessity of adding to the amenities of life in the city, and Sir Louis Dane recognises that as much attention has not hitherto been given to beautify the city as has been paid to improving the Civil Station and Anarkalli the rise in the standard of comfort in recent years has led the people to express a desire for public gardens and pleasure grounds, and it is, His Honour thinks right that Government should meet the demand. In the fort glacis inside the city and in Badami Bagh there is an ideal site for a People's Park surrounding and setting off the old fort and most conveniently situated for the city and all its schools. Sir Louis Dane has ascertained that the Commander-in-Chief is quite willing to allow these areas to the used for the purpose and the Viceroy approves of the scheme and is willing to allow his name to be associated with the new park as a memorial of his recent visit to Lahore.

A Committee has been formed and the ground is being surveyed with a view to deciding how the park can best be laid out. A formal scheme will shortly be submitted to Government for approval and necessary sanction.

THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

Separate Cadre for Eastern Bengal.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 1.

The India Office have decided that in the open competition for the Indian Civil Service, candidates shall, in future, be allotted separately to the Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam Cadres respectively. This is a modification of the existing system under which recruits for both the Provinces are in the first instance allotted to Bengal only. It is a change which is obviously needed, as the new Province should have its own Cadre, now that it has been established on a permanent footing.

INDIAN COMPANIES ACT.

Amendment Sanctioned.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, JUNE 1.

Sanction has been received from the Secretary of State for the introduction of a Bill, amending the Indian Companies' Act so as to make provision for the payment of interest on debentures in the early stages of the operations of a Company, before the profit earning period has been reached. This change in the law will be much appreciated in Mercantile circles, for the principle is one to which no exception can be taken where a Company has been floated on sound lines.

HOUSE-SEARCHING IN MORADABAD.

Large Number of Arms Found.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, JUNE 1.

On 7th May a search was made in the houses of three Moulvies of Bachrawon in the Moradabad District for arms, and over 140 arms of all descriptions, including rifles, guns, swords, revolvers and daggers, beside a large quantity of ammunition, were found. The three Moulvies and their servants held licenses covering only twenty-eight arms. The search was very ably directed by Messrs. Fox and Gontere of the U. P. Police.

The three Moulvies whose names are Khalilul-Rahman, Jamil-ul-Rahman and Magoul-ul-Rahman are now being tried in the Court of Mr. Gordon, Deputy Magistrate, Moradabad, under the Arms Act. Mr. F. Owen O'Neill, of the Lucknow bar, is prosecuting on behalf of Government.

KARACHI TRAMWAYS.

Experiment with Petrol Motors.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, JUNE 1.

With a view to overcoming the difficulty that will be experienced by trams when the new overbridge near the Customs Office is erected, the Karachi Tramway Company have decided to import a couple of petrol motors, which are expected to arrive this month, and if the experiment proves a success, others will be brought out until horses have been altogether superseded. The first two motors will be of 10-horse power each, but those that will be required for use in connection with the overbridge will have to be five times as powerful. So far as petrol motors have never been used for trams the Karachi experiment will therefore be doubly interesting and instructive.

BERLIN is suffering from a surfeit of large luxurious hotels. There has been over-production in hotels during the last year or two, and Berlin now possesses some of the most magnificent establishments in Europe. It appears, however, that there are hardly sufficient visitors to Berlin to maintain these huge caravanserais, and the Association of Berlin Hotel Proprietors has issued a public manifesto stating that it would be extremely undesirable to build any more hotels for some time to come.

MATHERAN NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MATHERAN, MAY 31.

EVEN though it is nearly the end of the season, Matheran still has attractions for the weary toilers of Bombay and other places, so that the hotels and bungalows are all quite full. For one who needs excitement, there is no better experience, as a commencement, than a journey on the Matheran Steam Tramway, which starts from Neral and for 13¼ miles winds and twists its weary way up the hills till Matheran is reached. The joys of this journey are many. There is also the pleasant speculation as to whether you will ever reach your destination in safety. The railway officials beam on you pleasantly and inform you that the train running off the line was not an accident but only an unusual occurrence. The stops both at the primitive stations and also frequently between them, are long and tedious, the engine apparently requiring much driving and persuasive powers, to enable it to drag its load of doll's house carriages and hot and dusty passengers. The showers of cinders, which fall, remind one of an eruption of Etna and prove particularly destructive to the creations of dressmakers, which were intended to enchant the sojourners in Matheran.

The scene on the arrival at Matheran is one not easily to be forgotten, of gay passengers swearing, babbering coolies struggling to rescue the luggage through the one tiny door of the diminutive guard's van.

Various festivities are in full swing. On Saturday the 22nd, there was an open air concert, held at the Gymkhana, the proceeds of which went to the funds of the Matheran Nursing Fund; when the band of the 114th Infantry was in attendance and the following ladies and gentlemen gave their services: Mrs. Paterson Brown, Mrs. D. B. Binning, Mrs. Portlock, Major Keyworth, Mr. D. B. Binning, and Mr. Saunders. They were repeatedly encored by a large and appreciative audience and the concert was a complete success.

On 24th May (Empire Day), the annual sports of the Bombay Scottish Orphanage took place at Olympia. The programme consisted of 25 events, all of which were well contested, and proved of interest to the large number of spectators. At the conclusion, the prizes were presented by Mrs. McPherson. The following acted as officials: Colonel Thomson, Captain McPherson, Lieuts. Clayton and Gaskell, Messrs. Anderson, Clayton and Reeth. The band of the 114th Mahrattas played during the sports.

On the 26th instant there was a "Hearts" Tournament at the Rugby Hotel, Mrs. Paterson Brown being the winner.

On the 29th instant there was a fancy dress dinner and dance held at the Rugby Hotel, Miss Reynolds winning the prize for the best costume, amongst the non prize-winners, Mrs. Cudlip as a Spanish lady, Mrs. Portlock as Rainbow, Miss Ritches as Sunlight Soap, and Mrs. Wilson as a Fairy, Mrs. Binning and Mrs. McPherson were principally noticeable, but there were many other effective costumes. Amongst the gentlemen Captain McPherson looked splendid as a Chinese Mandarin, Mr. Cudlip as a Red and White Pierrot, Mr. Wilson as Jack Point, Mr. Saunders in "Pink," Mr. Greaves in Court dress, all looked well and Mr. Cook as a Sun Spot, was quite in his element. Dancing was kept up with great zeal until midnight. The band of the 114th Mahrattas played during dinner and also at the dance.

A Tennis Tournament has also been in progress during the week, and was won by Miss Reynolds and Mr. Clayton, Mrs Cudlip and Mr. Binning being second.

Riding and walking to the various points of interest has also many adherents. The views from Louisa Point, Garbut, One Tree Hill, and Porcupine Point will repay a visit and the walks through the woods remind one of Devonshire.

The local Derby Sweep was a source of much excitement. The winners were Mr. Binning, Mr. Dickens, and Mr. Pratt.

To those Memsahibs who are desirous of expending the hard-earned rupees of their lords and masters there are endless temptations, as there is a continual stream of itinerant vendors of all sorts of old brass, silver, boots and shoes galore, etc., past the bungalows and much bargaining and haggling goes on and many are the rupees that the lord and master has unwillingly to extract from his pockets to hand over to his Memsahib, who was tempted and, alas fell to the persuasive powers of these plausible merchants.

STONE-THROWING AT MAIL TRAINS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

Telegraphic intelligence reached Government and Railway Police of Howrah yesterday that another case of stone-throwing had been committed on a running mail train on the East Indian Railway in which a mail sorter was hit although his injuries are slight. It appears that on the 28th ultimo while No. 3 Up Mail was entering Mohamah Ghat Station stones and brickbats were hurled at the train, apparently aimed to hit the passenger coaches; the missiles struck, however, the mail van. Nothing has yet resulted from the inquiries made.

DEATH OF M. TARDIVAL.

Mayor of Chandernagore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JUNE 1.

The death occurred at Chandernagore, on Saturday last, after an operation for carbuncle, of M. Emile Tardival, the Mayor, an attempt on whose life was made by some anarchists last year.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

An ordinary monthly meeting of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay, was held last evening in the Trust's Office, Mr. J. O. Orr, presiding.

On the motion of Mr. G. W. Hatch, the following resolution was passed:—"In the opinion of the Board it is desirable that there should be some uniformity in the architecture of the buildings to be erected on the prominent portions of the Board's new thoroughfares. That the Chairman should be requested to consult the Achiteets' Association and report to the Board how the result desired can best be obtained."

LORD LANSDOWNE made an interesting and amusing speech as chairman at the annual dinner of the Newspaper Press Fund. Here is one passage: "My noble predecessor in this chair last year, Lord Loreburn, in presiding the other day at a dinner to a distinguished Pressman, made the remark that in his view the position of the editor of a geeat newspaper approximated more nearly than anything he knew to the position of a mediæval monarch. (Laughter.) The monarchs of the mediæval type are not having a very good time just now—(laughter)—and I am not sure I can wish for my editor friends a position analogous to that position. (Laughter.) I do not know whether in the affairs of the Press such a thing exists as a Young Turk Party, or whether a Press monarch is liable to be suddenly transported, not to the Bosphorus, but to a suburb, with a number of fair ladies to take care of him. (Laughter.) I shall, perhaps, be asked why, if the Press really occupies this great position in the country, is it necessary to make an appeal for your assistance? The answer is simple. The Press is a profession in which there are no doubt great prizes, perhaps not many of them, but in which there are also a great many blanks."

KAIRA MUNICIPALITY.

Negligent Councillors and Auditors.

SUPERSEDED FOR THREE YEARS.

The following Press communique was issued yesterday:—

The Commissioner, Northern Division, has reported to Government the following facts concerning the Municipality of Kaira.

The Accountant General's audit of the accounts of the Kaira Municipality for the years 1905-06, 1906-07 and 1907-08 revealed the fact that the Secretary of the Municipality had for some time consistently embezzled municipal moneys and had defrauded the Municipality of a sum of over Rs. 6,000. The frauds were rendered possible by the gross carelessness of the Managing Committee and of the Honorary Auditors, who failed to take the most elementary precautions against fraud in examining the municipal accounts.

The Secretary, and a municipal karkun who was his accomplice, were in course of time prosecuted and convicted in a criminal Court, the Secretary being sentenced to undergo three years' rigorous imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 1,800.

It appears from the Commissioner's report that of the Honorary Auditors and the Managing Committee holding office when the frauds were committed, three viz, Messrs. Chunilal Varajbhai, Vadilal Chatursi and Manilal Gangadas, are still members of the Municipality. Further, when that body met to consider how the rate-payers' interest which have suffered so heavily from the absence of ordinary supervision could be protected, these gentlemen voted against the institution of legal proceedings, and were supported by three other elected members. Six votes were thus recorded against legal proceedings, compared with four votes in favour of such proceedings being instituted.

The Commissioner is of opinion that a suit should be filed against those councillors and auditors whose habitual neglect facilitated the prolonged course of embezzlement.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is of opinion that the facts disclosed in the case call for stronger action than the institution of a civil suit. A Municipality in which a motion to establish the liability of the members, through whose negligence or connivance serious frauds on the tax-payer have been committed, is negatived by the preponderating votes of the defaulting members themselves is obviously incompetent to discharge its duties and to protect the interests of the rate-payers.

His Excellency the Governor in Council is accordingly pleased to direct, under Section 179 of the District Municipal Act, that an order to this effect should be published in the "Bombay Government Gazette" and that the said Municipality should be superseded for the period of three years from the date of publication of this order in the "Gazette."

The Commissioner should be instructed to appoint a person or persons who should exercise the powers and perform the duties of the Municipality during its supersession.

CHRISTIANITY IN THE FAR EAST.

The Bishop of Gloucester presided on May 7 in the Church House over a meeting in support of Church work in the Far East.

Sir E. Satow said that in Japan Christianity was now recognised as a very great moral motive in the national life. Even among those Japanese who had not accepted Christianity its influence was indisputable; and its future in that country would be great. Much had been heard lately of "Bushido"—the way of the warrior—which meant readiness to make any sacrifice to serve the master. This was surely an admirable soil to sow the Gospel in. He looked forward to the ideal of a Christian Japan; but for that Japanese pastors and clergy and bishops were necessary. Meanwhile the number of English and American missionaries should be increased. This was a great opportunity for our young men and women. It was a pernicious fallacy that the religions of these Eastern peoples were good enough for them and that we should not try to upset their traditions.

The Rev. H. Mathews, from Shan-tung, said that since the Boxer disturbance the Christians in China had doubled. In fact for the last four years the Protestant missions had doubled the number of their members every seven years.

Dr. Hugh Weir, of Corea, said he looked forward to a very great future for that country in union with Japan as our own country had developed after the Norman Conquest. Corea would probably be a Christian country in a very few years as the number of native Christians was almost doubling every year. This would mean much to both her neighbours China and Japan.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

The London Missionary Society, which opened its anniversary celebrations on May 8, has had a satisfactory year's work abroad, though the administrations and the missionaries are evidently alive to the difficulty of the problems confronting them in many countries.

In China, the native Christian communities are realising their responsibility for missionary work among their non-Christian neighbours; but the day has not yet come to sever the tie between the missionary and the native Church. In India the native Christians are being given a larger share in the counsels of the mission; and another sign of progress is the formation of the "South India United Church" by a union of the society's churches and those connected with the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions the American Reformed Church, and the United Free Church of Scotland.

The Society's statistics show that 295 missionaries have been at work during the year, besides 971 ordained native ministers and 4,091 native preachers of whom three-fourths are in Madagascar and Polynesia. The Church members and adherents have increased during the year from 82,906 and 275,186 to 84,576 and 295,529 respectively. Sunday scholars have increased from 67,229 to 75,639, and day scholars from 77,881 to 80,477. The sum of £40,172 has been raised at the mission stations. The Society has fifty-five hospitals, including leper asylums, with 1,176 beds, and thirty-two dispensaries. In-patients have numbered 9,128, and out-patients 206,226.

ZENANA MISSIONS.

The Church of England Zenana Missionary Society held its annual meeting in the Queen's Hall, on May 7, Sir W. Mackworth Young presiding. The committee, in their annual report, stated that, in spite of unrest and agitation in some parts of India, the society's work had not been seriously injured; schools had been well filled, Zenanas open to the missionary villages eager to listen, hospitals and dispensaries crowded. Important work was done by the Indian Christian women themselves. In China, the officials and upper classes had never been more friendly, there was a greater willingness among the common people to listen and, best of all, a greater zeal among native Christians to pass on the Gospel they had received. The year's expenditure, £44,003, had been met, and a deficit of £3,439 reduced to £3,125. This, however, was due to the fact that legacies had brought in £5,626, the yearly average being about £2,000; and to the £2,744 received from the Pan-Anglican thank offering. A "hospital shilling fund" had now been started. Dr. Mary Shire, of Foochow, pointed out that there were only three doctors among the three hospitals in China, so that when a doctor had to leave on furlough her hospital had to be closed. The Foochow hospital was now practically self-supporting, and a non-Christian native had given land for a new and larger hospital at Penang.

"I DIE in the Protestant faith, and in the firm belief that the Anglo-Saxon race are the veritable descendants of the Ten Lost Tribes of Israel," is a statement contained in the will of Mr. John Halsey, of Sutton, Surrey, who left £11,537.

THE OLD MONGOLS.

Remarkable Journey of an Explorer.

Commandant d'Ollone has returned to France, after two years spent in Western China and North-eastern Tibet, at the head of a Franch mission of exploration, and has many interesting particulars to give of this still little-known part of the globe. The mission left Hanoi to go up-country at the end of 1906, and reached Peking, the end of its travels, last October. Commandant d'Ollone was seconded by Captain Le Page and Lieutenant de Fleurelle.

The commandant, in speaking of his experiences, said: "The country which I explored in North-western Tibet, watered by the upper reaches of the Hoang Ho, is thickly populated by a warlike nomadic race, the Haifani, who, though nominally under the suzerainty of the Chinese Emperor, have never been subjugated. The country, therefore, forms a practically neutral State between the dominions of the Emperor of China and those of his lieutenant, the Dalai-Lama. In contrast with the rest of Tibet the land is generally fertile. Grass grows almost everywhere, and even among the highest mountains (some 19,000ft) the slopes are so gentle and regular that there are very few places where a man may not ride on horseback. It is for this reason that the Chinese have never been able to subdue the Haifani.

TEA AND MELTED BUTTER.

"Having a social organisation like the clans of Scotland, and being well mounted on horses which are a cross between the shaggy Mongol and the finer Syrian stock, which they ride with skill, they fight each expedition which the Empire sends against them as the Boers fought the British troops in the Transvaal. Their stock-raising—sheep, horses, goats, and yaks—and their trade in skins give them all they want to live upon. They are very sober in habit, and practically live upon tea (which they drink with melted butter) and barley meal. They win their arms by their forays, and will ride several days and as far as 600 miles to surprise a caravan. Besides the long lance each man carries a gun of some kind or other, and Russian guns are becoming common.

"The Haifani fit their guns with a forked stand, such as was fitted to the eighteenth century musket, and so are able to take good aim. They live in tents, and wear no other clothing than sheep skins in the rough sown together. The Chinese have only been able to subdue them in the lower valleys, where some of the tribes have built villages. As for their religions and customs, they are peculiar to the race. They have made 'salad' of several theologies. They practise simultaneously Buddhism, Brahmanism, and a primitive religion not unlike that of the ancient Greeks and early Scandinavians, worshipping the spirits of the rivers, plains, and mountains. So pious are they that they never drink before invoking the spirits of the four points of the compass or of the mountains which lie in such directions. Their chief deity is the Anie-Matche, spirit of the highest mountain of their country, and they pray to him, curiously enough, both for good and for evil actions. For them he represents strength; virtue is represented by Buddha. Among them I also discovered two new sects of Buddhists, the white and the black priests, who differ from the yellow and the red priests already known.

WOMEN'S JEWELLERY.

"In habits and customs the Haifani are neither like the Turks nor like the Mongols; nor are they like the true Tibetans or the Chinese. They are not communists or polyandrists like the Tibetans: they have large families, and have a language unlike any other yet discovered. They have two cultures. Those who remain nomadic are most barbaric in appearance, and scarcely less so in habit but their brothers in the Jamaseries (or monasteries) are highly educated and artistic. They are accomplished painters, sculptors and architects, and have produced much literature. Their women wear few ornaments, and are simply clothed, but they are very proud of cheap jewellery coming from India, and also of brass buttons taken from Indian military uniforms, which are counted more valuable than any precious stones. They have also learned the beauty of imitation coral. So far from being decadent, the race is increasing in numbers Given a common chieftain and better arms, they would be formidable, and one may foresee the time when they will turn the tables on the Chinese and will send expeditions against them. At present, however, they are without a leader.

OUR MUNICIPAL GUTTERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—With the introduction of the latest up-to-date expert drainage scheme into Bombay, the gutters do not appear to receive the serious attention they should receive at all times, and hence they are neglected to that extent as to place the valuable lives of the people in imminent danger notwithstanding the soothing but ineffectual influence of the Bombay Sanitary Association which is doing its utmost to bring about a better state of things for the health of the City. But it may be safely said that if every Ward in the City were to have a Sanitary Association of its own, the work of inspecting and removing all the rubbish and offal that find their way into these gutters, almost hourly, cannot be carried out with that thoroughness unless, and until, the present staff of the Health Department is considerably increased. There is no denying the fact that the establishment is much below the number absolutely required for this peculiar and special kind of unsavoury work it is "daily" called upon to carry out. Apparently there is no one who could be spared to take a daily round in each of the several Wards to see if the gutters are not choked up and are running freely to prevent the formation of stagnant pestilential pools in overcrowded localities to breed sickness. Many of these gutters hidden away from the main road, are so neglected that the smell from them is frightful enough to drive sickness, and may be death, into the best of constitutions. Gutters connected with bath-rooms and cook-houses to take away the refuse water, over which an iron slab is placed, over-flow very frequently and days and days pass over without anything being done to remove the nuisance, simply because there is no one specially deputed to look after such drains. Recently a case of this kind occurred. The gutter was choked up for over seven days and the foul matter was forced back till the water rose higher and higher every day, hourly threatening an outbreak. The tenant went straight to the fountain head of the department who at once telephoned and on the same day had the gutter thoroughly cleaned and flushed, but the nuisance occurred again. The inmates of the house were attacked not long after with malarial fever. Is it then any wonder that the Bombay Municipality was hauled up the other day before the Chief Magistrate's Court and fined Rs. 25 for causing so much anxiety and worry to the tenant who prosecuted in the case? But how long is this dangerous nuisance to be tolerated in a leading commercial City like Bombay (with a million inhabitants) which has hitherto led the way for other cities to follow?—Yours, etc.,

OBSERVER.

RATS INFECTED WITH PLAGUE.

Dr. Herbert Williams, medical officer for the Port of London, mentions in his annual report that during the summer some dead rats were found in the basement of the pay office at the West India Docks. It was found by bacteriological examination that they died of plague. A systematic search was made in the dock warehouse, and forty-eight tons of useless rubbish was destroyed. The warehouses were very solid and old. A number of dead rats, some of which bore evidence of bubonic plague were found. The disease occurred among the rats over an area 900 yards long. The basements were "honey-combed" with rat holes. Many vessels from plague-infected ports especially grain vessels from South America, discharged at that particular quay, and it was probable that the epidemic was carried to the buildings by rats which were incubating plague and afterwards died of it. Fleas carried the disease from dead rats to living ones. The Corporation had recently spent £ 50. on an apparatus for fumigating ships with a view to destroying rats. Only one man appeared to have suffered from contact with an infected rat during the search, and he had recovered.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM AN OCCASIONAL CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, MAY 27.

MR. FAZIL GHULAM HUSSAIN MOORAJ, A.M.I.C.E., Public Works Secretary to H. H. Nizam's Government, has been installed as Worshipful Master of Lodge "Hyderabad," the ceremony having been followed up by a banquet to the Brethren. In his social life, Mr. Mooraj is well liked and is considered a congenial friend, who makes pleasant company wherever he is found.

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Speculation as to the next Catholic Bishop of Hyderabad is now at rest. The Papal Bull has been received, announcing the nomination of the Reverend Father Vismara as successor to His Lordship Bishop Viganò, who was recently appointed Superior of the Foreign Missions in Lombardy (Italy). The Bishop-Elect was at sea, on his way to Rome, when the Mandate reached Hyderabad. He certainly knew nothing about his nomination before his departure from here, as he has contemplated going home for the past two years and found his opportunity to do so only a fortnight ago. By a singular coincidence, Father Vismara will be consecrated in Rome.

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Mr. M. Visvesvaraya, M.I.C.E., the Special Consulting Engineer, retained temporarily by H. H. Nizam's Government, has just issued his "Preliminary Note on City Improvements, Hyderabad." The document covers ten pages of printed matter and is written in a concise and lucid style. At the very opening of it, Mr. Visvesvaraya acknowledges the valuable assistance received by him from Mr. Ahmed Ali, F.C.H., the Assistant Superintending Engineer, H. H. Nizam's Public Works Department, with whose aid and that of Mr. McLeesh, Assistant Engineer, and the staff working under him, preliminary surveys have been commenced in the City and a close search is being made for all maps and records likely to give reliable information concerning the present condition of the City and the character of recent and past inundations. It is only now we find that the September flood swept over 343 acres of a thickly-populated area on the south bank of the Musi River, that is to say, the City side, and over 689 acres of an equally-populated area on the north bank or the suburban direction. The number of houses destroyed in the City was 6,798 and outside of it 12,195. Over 1·60 square miles of built area was submerged, a quarter of the total number of houses in the City rased to the ground, and a population of nearly 85,000 persons rendered homeless. These latter details, according to the "Preliminary Note," apply obviously to the City; and the inference is that the official report made after the flood under-stated the casualties. For the various measures adopted by H. H. Nizam's Government within the past seven months to repair damages and re-habilitate sufferers, the amounts sanctioned or expended by Government and Municipal agencies or paid out of public subscriptions aggregate Rs. 32,73,853. Of this sum Rs. 1,58,653 have been spent by the Public Works Department for restoration of communications, and the modest sum of Rs. 2,47,093 has been expended by various Government Departments and Committees on sanitation and on first-aid to sufferers, while the expenditure incurred by the Municipality in opening up communications and constructing new roads reached only Rs. 80,670, all three items giving a total of Rs. 4,85,715—nearly five lakhs! The amount allotted for works in connection with the restoration of bridges is Rs. 7,48,305: that for land compensation Rs. 25,000; and for constructing a new settlement Rs. 1,00,000. The value of houses destroyed is supposed to be not less than Rs. 1,50,000, and the value of other property lost or buried in the debris is said to be over Rs. 100,000. The total money-value alone of the losses sustained by the City is estimated at Rs. 3,00,00,000 (three crores). To protect the City against future inundations, Mr. Visvesvaraya proposes that the waterway of the river should be increased or flood-regulating works be constructed or both done. The surveys for flood investigations were put in hand for a few weeks by Mr. Perram, late Superintending Engineer, Irrigation Branch, and were resumed in the month of January by Mr. Ahmed Ali, Assistant Superintending Engineer, who has collected a large amount of information and formulated several important proposals for regulating reservoirs. The design for reconstructing the river front will be settled after the result of the flood investigation is known; but in the meanwhile Mr. Visvesvaraya is strongly of opinion that, as the river passes through the very heart of the inhabited area, future roads on both banks of the river should be boulevards or broad avenues lined with suitable side-walks and trees. He also says that, sooner or later, electric tramways will be needed along these avenues to render communication easy between the City and the suburbs. The three larger cities in British India and even smaller ones like Karachi and Baroda have provided themselves with tramways already. In Hyderabad, the fourth largest in India and the fiftieth in the world, modern equipments of this character cannot be long delayed. The roads, therefore, should be broad enough to accommodate tramways when required. Mr. Visvesvaraya considers the present establishment under Mr. Ahmed Ali very insufficent, and has applied to Government for an additional temporary establishment at a monthly cost of Rs. 13,410, which will include 7 engineers, 22 surveyers, 15 sub-overseers, and 10 draftsman. In many parts of his "Preliminary Note," the Consulting Engineer unreservedly recognises the abilities of Mr. Ahmed Ali, and says: "The services of Mr. Ahmed Ali to be placed at my disposal during the entire period of my deputation. He seems an officer of great promise, and in the interests of the City it is important that one such officer in the permanent service of the State should be associated with me while I am here, and continue the work when I am gone. He will be in charge of office correspondence, complete the flood investigation he has begun, and take up other professional work as his opportunities will allow. He should as far as possible be relieved of all work with Committees, etc., outside this special duty." This is not only a compliment to the recipient, but to the Government as well, inasmuch as a few more such men will conduce to uphold the dignity of the departments to which they are attached and to dissipate the necessity for indenting for foreign aid in cases of emergency.

WHY THEY DIED.

A number of amusing answers to the questions put to applicants for life insurance have been collected by the "British Medical Journal." The following are some of them:—

Mother died in infancy.

An uncle died of cancer on his mother's side.

Father went to bed feeling well, and the next morning woke up dead.

Grandfather died suddenly at the age of 103. Up to this time he bid fair to reach a ripe old age.

Applicant does not know anything about maternal posterity, except that they died at an advanced age.

Applicant does not know cause of mother's death, but states that she fully recovered from her last illness.

Applicant has never been fatally sick.

Father died suddenly; nothing serious.

Applicant's brother, who was an infant, died when he was a mere child.

Grandfather died from gunshot wound caused by an arrow, shot by an Indian.

Applicant's fraternal parents died when he was a child.

Mother's last illness was caused from chronic rheumatism, but she was cured before death.

AN automobile, containing several armed men and a bulging coffee-sack, drew up in front of the office of the State Treasurer at Austin (Texas) recently. The bag was carried into the building and opened. Its contents were counted, a receipt was written and delivered, and certain entries were made upon the cashier's books. The fine of £361,600 inflicted upon the Waters-Pierce Oil Company by the State Courts and fully sustained by the Supreme Court of the United States, had been paid,

THE champion English bulldog, Chineham Young Jack, has been sold by Mr. W. B. Cannon, of Hove, for £1,050, to Mr. J. Cooper Mott, of Great Neck, Long Island, New York. This is the record price paid for a bulldog. Chineham Young Jack has won more than 400 prizes in England. His average was five at each show,

SPORTING NEWS.

CRICKET AT ABU.

THE Abu week opened on the 28th May. The first event was a two-day cricket match between Col. A. F. Pinhey's Agency Team and the rest of Abu. The finish of the match was most exciting, the Agency needing 82 runs with only 25 minutes to get them in. They got as far as 70 runs with 3 wickets gone: hence the match ended in a draw in the Agency's favour. Scores :—

REST OF ABU.

1st Innings.

Mr Simmons, b Smith	16
Mr Dubois, b Smith	81
Mr Covell, run out	25
Major Cunningham, run out	2
Mr Clifford l-b-w, b Fanshaw... ...	31
Mr Smythe, c Jalaluddin, b Smith ..	19
Major Bailey, b Smith	3
Mr Izat, c Pinhey, b Fanshawe ...	42
Rev Grove, c Smith, b Raoji	4
Capt Norman, c Apji, b Fanshawe ...	2
Pte Gorman, not out...	5
Extras	21
Total ...	251

2nd Innings.

Mr Simmons l-b-w, b Smith	4
Mr Dubois, b Govind Singh	18
Mr Covell, c Govind S., b Fanshawe ...	65
Major Cunningham, c Hamilton, b Smith	2
Mr Clifford, b Erasmus	25
Mr Smythe, c Smith, b Fanshawe ...	16
Major Bailey, not out	10
Mr Izat, b Fanshawe...	15
Rev Grove, c Raoji, b Smith	4
Capt Norman, b Fanshawe	0
Pte Gorman, b Govind	23
Extras	14
Total ...	196

AGENCY.

1st Innings.

Mr Sz Jellaluddin, b Dubois	13
Mr K S Raoji, c Covell, b Bailey ...	97
Mr K S Govind Singh, c Grove, b Smythe	9
Col A F Pinhey, c Clifford, b Bailey ...	46
Major Bannerman, c Gorman, b Bailey...	80
Mr Fanshawe, b Gorman	44
Mr J H Smith, b Dubois	17
Mr K S Apji, b Gorman	22
Major Hamilton, not out	1
Mr Wildeblood, c Gorman, b Bailey ...	0
Mr Erasmus, c Dubois, b Gorman ...	3
Extras	34
Total ...	366

2nd Innings.

Mr Sz Jellaluddin, c Simmons, b Dubois...	5
Col A F Pinhey, not out... ... —	12
Mr Fanshawe, c Covell, b Dubois ...	9
Mr J A Smith, c Izat, b Dubois	0
K S Apji, not out	43
Extras	1
Total ...	70

Mr K S Raoji, Mr K S Govind Singh, Major Bannerman, Major Hamilton, Mr Wildeblood, Erasmus — Did not bat.

CHESS.

All India Tournament.

WON BY MR. MORBHAT.

THE final round in the All India Championship Chess Tournament concluded on Monday, and the results are given below. It will be seen that 18 competitors in all entered for the 2nd Section, but the very exacting demands of serious chess play told on most of the players, and six of them retired from play before they had finished half a dozen and in some cases even 2 or 3 games.

From the beginning Mr. Morbhat was the fancied champion, and throughout the Tournament he displayed consistent brilliancy in all his games. Although by no means bookish in his knowledge of chess, he is still a master by intuition of many and varied chess positions, and that enables him easily to score even against formidable opponents. He is of an imperturbable temperament, showing no sign of excitement even at the most critical moments of tournament play. This calm insight, added to his natural talent for the game givss ground for confidence to his supporters, that if challenged, the sceptre of the Indian chess world will rest safely in his hands. As regard the other players, their form did not rise much above the general level of mediocrity, although Bodas, Gadre and Waterfield may always be relied upon to show a fairly cautious, consistent and sound game. Mr. Waterfield deserves special mention having a Trojan task to perform in playing exacting chess for 40 nights in succession, against players of no mean calibre. He stood out well amongst the Bombay players and his record is satisfactory though he richly deserved to do better.

At the close of the tournament the players were placed as follows :—1st. Morbhat Mehendale, 9 1-2 marks; 2nd. V. N. Gadre, 8 1-2; 3rd. V. Bodas, 8; 4th. N. R. Joshi and Raja Babu, 7; 6th. S. N. Pendurker, E. H. Waterfield and R. P. Deshpande, 6; 9th. P. Pavri, and R. D. Unwalla, 2 1-2; 11th R. J. Bland, 2; 12th. L. N. Karle, 1.

The prizes will be presented by Mrs. Beaman this (Wednesday) evening.

BRITISH SOUTH AFRICA.

Draft Constitution Act Agreed to.

The amended Draft Constitution Act for United South Africa, which, says a Johannesburg message of May 12, was signed at Blœmfontein the other day, is published. It shows on the whole that the Transvaal delegates scored another success. The Cape secured the elimination of the principle of proportional representation so far as elections for the Legislative Assembly are concerned though it is retained in the case of elections for senators and the executive committees of the Provincial Councils.

Against this the Transvaal secured the entrenchment within the Constitution of the more important principle of equal rights the amended Act reserving for the King's pleasure any proposed alteration by Parliament in the sections relating to this principle.

Sir George Farrar and Sir Percy Fitzpatrick took a very firm stand on this matter and were well supported by Mr. Botha.

Other amendments, the majority of which are merely verbal or explanatory include a new section framed for the purpose of conciliating Natal, declaring specifically that there shall be free trade through the Union and an alteration in the remuneration of members of Parliament from £300 to £400 per annum.

The newspapers in the main express pleasure and relief at the compromise thus effected. Whether this will satisfy the objectors to the original Draft Act in Natal and the Cape remains to be seen.

Natal's attitude is still the occasion of much apprehension among the delegates, while it is considered not impossible that Mr. Hofmeyr's supporters may contrive to carry their demand for a general election in Cape Colony. In this case the fate of union would hang by a thread of untested strength.

The Johannesburg Town Council has rescinded its resolution passed in March in favour of the payment of its members.

MR. GRANVILLE BARKER, speaking at the Stage Society dinner at the Criterion Restaurant, said the real difficulty in the way of establishing the repertory theatre was the public. When Manager of the Court Theatre he encountered many instances of extraordinary stupidity on the part of the occasional playgoer. People would go to that theatre and ask if Pinero's farces are still running. Once the box-office clerk was actually asked for a railway ticket to Charing Cross. Mr. Barker's experience was that it took the public six weeks to find out that a play was running.

IN THE STRAND.

The First of Notable Streets.

Among the million streets of the great cities of the world there are only a few which have any marked individuality or character of their own, so that they are distinctly remembered by the visitor; and not the least among these is the Strand. Its very name is peculiar, for Strand usually denotes the seashore, and yet the sea is many miles away from London, and even the Thames is some way off the modern street; the Embankment nowadays seems more entitled to the name. But the modern Strand, says a writer in the "Globe," is very different from the road to which the name was first applied, and some of the greatest changes in it have been made during the last few years. Memories are short, and it needs an effort to remember what the Strand was like before palatial hotels took the place of modest old-fashioned houses, and before that triumph of improvement, the County Council Wilderness, was created. And yet though the old street is always changing, it is ever the same. It is the first street of London along which the average foreigner wanders, and the one in which the passer-by may always be sure of meeting some friends from the far ends of the earth whom he has not set eyes upon for many years past. At its Western end is the main entrance from the Continent, and therefore from all the world except the Wild West, and it is the first piece of London which the traveller returning from the East sees after years of exile. It is the Strand, though why it is called so few people trouble to think.

But it was not always so far from the river. In the distant days when the great tidal estuary of the Thames was a wide marshy lagoon, before it was drained, built upon, and embanked, the street running along the high bank just above the water really was the strand. In the days when the ancient Britons used it, it was probably a track much frequented, because it led, high and dry, through the brushwood which fringed the banks of the river. In those days the forest extended to the northern shores of the Thames, and whereas the southern banks were low and marshy, the obvious way along the river to the west from the British town where London stands to the villages lying westward was along the high bank. And so a path was trodden out where the Strand now runs, well above tides of the river, and was improved by the Romans when Londinium was made into a Prefecture. The successors of the Romans, whether Saxon, Dane, or Norman, did not worry about roads, and were quite content to struggle along in the mud, but as the Strand led from the great commercial city of London to the Royal Palace of Westminster, it was no doubt quite one of the best roads in the kingdom. That, however, is not saying much, for it is on record that in 1353 the state of the Strand was so bad that Edward III. ordered that a tax should be raised on wool, leather, wine and all goods carried from Temple Bar to Westminster, for the repair of the road, and that all owners of houses along the road should repair as much of the way as lay before their doors. In those days the Strand was an open road with a few great houses and gardens running down to the water's edge.

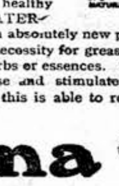
It is no wonder that people who wished to go from London to Westminster preferred to go by boat, for if they caught the tide they would go much more quickly and comfortably than by the ill-kept road. Even the great houses which faced the Strand on the South side did not patronise that thoroughfare, and at the end of their gardens had stairs at which to take boat and go up or down the river to London or Westminster. It was not until about the middle of the sixteenth century that the Strand was turned from a road into a street, but even then the great houses and palaces occupied the south side, while the north side was merely a line of houses from Temple Bar to Charing Cross, with the open country behind them. It was only at the end of Elizabeth's reign that houses and side streets were built to the north of the Strand, and that the great thoroughfare really became a street on the modern sense of the word. In the next century building went on rapidly, until at last even St. Giles' ceased to be in the fields, and became united to the new London. The eastern boundary of the Strand is the heraldic griffin which marks the site of Temple Bar, but the old gate was not so ancient as most people imagine, for it was only put up in 1670, and before the Great Fire the Bar consisted merely of posts, rails, and chains.

Every street has its half-crown and its shilling side, and the south has always been the half-crown side of the Strand. But of late years the distinction has almost been effaced, at least between Charing Cross and Wellington-street. East of that line all pedestrian traffic is on the south side, for the other abuts the Wilderness along which apparently few people care to walk. We to whom London is a home take little notice of the Strand and its changes, any more than we visit the Tower or Westminster Abbey. But the man who has passed half a dozen years in some out of the way corner of the Empire is the one to whom the Strand really appeals, and it is usually the first he visits on his return home. It is true that often he hardly knows where he is, and that only here and there does a landmark catch his eye but when he does see a well-known shop or church, however much it may seem to be out of position, he feels that he really is in the old London again and rejoices accordingly. To him the crowd that always throngs the Strand is no inconvenience; he loves to see so many white people all together. Even the motor-buses are a joy and a wonder. When he last went abroad they did not exist, and while we can hardly remember the time when they were not, to him both motor-buses and taxicabs have all the charm of novelty. The habitues know that there are changes, but they become used to them so quickly that they hardly notice them. And the Strand is still the Strand, as it has been in all the centuries between the time when the painted Briton followed the riverside track through the brushwood, to our own day when the motor-bus thunders along the street, and every succeeding building is taller than its predecessor.

THE District Local Board of Hyderabad (Sind) under its modified constitution, will consist of thirty-two members, of these sixteen will be elected, that is, one by each of its fourteen Taluka Local Boards from amongst their own members, one by the Hyderabad Municipality, and one by the holders of entire alienated villages within the district, and sixteen nominated members will be appointed by the Commissioner in Sind.

THE seventy-fifth birthday of Mr. William Miller, of Gillingham, Kent, synchronised with the fiftieth anniversary of the loss of the British war vessel "Heron," of whose ship's company he is said to be the last surviving member. The "Heron," which was the last brig built at Chatham Dockyard, was engaged in the suppression of the slave traffic, and was destroyed by a tornado on the West Coast of Africa on May 8, 1859, only sixteen out of a ship's company of 120 being saved. Miller was the only Royal Marine on board saved.

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GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ORDERS.

("Gazette of India" May 26.)

Lieutenant-Colonel E C Hare, I M S, Sanitary Commissioner, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty days, with furlough for four months and ten days and study leave for three months in continuation, with effect from the 8th May.

The services of Major A W H Lee, of the Indian Army, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

The Honourable Mr Justice Lalmohun Doss, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted furlough on medical certificate from the 18th May to the 17th June both days inclusive.

Mr Digumber Chatterjee to act as a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal during the absence of the Honourable Mr Justice Lalmohun Doss, or until further orders.

The Reverned P G Bruce Austin Chaplain of Neemuch, is granted privilege leave for one month and thirteen days and special leave for four months and sventeen days in continuation, with effect from the 28th May or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

The Reverned C A Gillmore, a senior chaplain on the Bengal (Lahore) ecclesiastical establishment is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 27th June.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Mr R S Troup, Deputy Conservator of Forests and Imperial Forests Economist, to be Imperial Superintendent of Forest Working-Plans and Imperial Silviculturist, with effect from the afternoon of 1st May.

Mr R S Pearson, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Bombay Presidency, to be Imperial Forest Economist, with effect from the forenoon of 6th May.

Mr G S Hart, Conservator of Forests, III grade, is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, II grade, until further orders, with effect from the 5th June the date from which the furlough of Mr L Mercer, Conservator, II grade, commences.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Captain P. G. H. Hogg, R.E., Military Works Services, is temporarily appointed to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 1st grade, and is posted to the United Provinces, Buildings and Roads Branch.

Lieutenant G E Sopwith, R.E., Military Works Services, is temporarily appointed to the Public Works Department as an Assistant Engineer, 2nd grade, and is posted to the Punjab, Irrigation Branch.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Lieutenant C S H Robarts, 75th Carnatic Infantry, Assistant Commandant, Malwa Bhil Corps, is appointed to officiate as Commandant, Malwa Bhil Corps, with effect from the 5th April.

Mr E L French Inspector-General of Police, North-West Frontier Provinces, is granted privilege leave for one month and five days, with effect from the 15th May.

Mr H A Close, Superintendent of Police, is appointed to officiate as Inspector-General of Police, North-West Frontier Force with effect from the date of assuming charge and during the absence on leave of Mr. E L French, or until further orders.

The services of Mr E L French Punjab Police, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 29th June.

The andermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India, on private affairs for five months and five days, with effect from the 15th May, the first ninety days being privilege leave :—Captain F Adams, 28th Light Cavalry, Inspecting Officer, Kathiawar State Imperial Service Cavalry.

Captain H M W Souter, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers, Inspecting Officer, Rajputana States Imperial Service Cavalry and Rampur and Jaipur States Transport, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting officer, Kathiawar States Imperial Service Cavalry, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 15th May, and during the absence on combined leave of Captain F Adams, or until further orders.

Captain L J M Deas, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Miranshah, with effect from the 7th May.

Captain C I Brierley, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon in the Khyber Agency and Medical officer, Khyber Rifles, with effect from the 30th April,

Lieutenant C S H Robarts, 75th Carnatic Infantry on return from leave, resumed charge of his duties as Assistant Commandant, Malwa Bhil Corps, on the 27th February,

Major J W Grant, Indian Medical Service (Bengal an Agency Sugeon of the 2nd Class, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for nine months, with effect from the 14th April,

Major W F T O'Connor, CIE a Political Agent of the 4th Class, Supernumerary, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days, with effect from the 18th May.

Mr. C H Jeffery-Orchard, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, with effect from the 5th of May until further orders.

Mr. H A R Lyon. Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, is granted privilege leave for one month and fifteen days, with effect from the 17th of May.

Mr. P C S O'Connor, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. H A R Lyon, or until further orders.

Mr. W S Meyer, C I E, I C S, Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, who had been deputed to England on special duty was granted, and availed himself of, privilege leave from the 1st of March to the 8th of April and resumed charge of the office of Secretary in the Finance Department on the 26th of April the period occupied by his return to India being treated as special duty.

The following consequential arrangements are now notified : With effect from the 1st of March Mr J S Meston, C S I, I C S, to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department. Mr R A Mant, I C S, to officiate as Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department (Military Finance). With effect from the 26th of April Mr J S Meston, C S I, I C S reverts to his substantive appointment of Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department (Military Finance), but con tinues on combined leave.

Mr R J Blaikie, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, with effect from the 13th April vice Mr W Mathe granted combined leave.

The following promotions in the Military Accounts Department are made with effect from the 22nd April vice Lieutenant-Colonel W St J Richardson, retired :—Major H G W Chandler to be Military Accountant, 2nd class; Captain R H E Pennell to be Military Accountant, 3rd class; Captain M E L Bruce to be Military Assistant 4th class; Captain H T Raban to be Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class; Captain C W Butler to be Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

The following promotions in the Military Accounts Department are made with effect from the 11th April vice Major E R Foord, retired :—Captain D A E Will to be Military Accountant, 3rd class; Captain K H Jackson to be Military Accountant, 4th class; Captain G W Ross to be Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class; Captain S G V Ellis to be Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class; Lieutenant P Ashfield, 107th Pioneers to be Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, (on probation).

The following officiating promotions and reversion of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified:—Mr A E Boyd to be Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating; Mr W W Nind to be Assistant Collector, Class IV, officiating Mr A E Boyd to be Assistant Collector, Class III, sub pro tem; Mr W W Nind to be Assistant Collector, Class V, substantive.

Major-General Sir A A Barrett, K C B, Indian Army, to be Adjutant-General in India vice Major-General R I Scallon C B, C I E, D S O, vacated. Dated 1st April.

The services of Captain H J Cotton, 99th Deccan Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, for employment as an officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.

The services of Lieutenant C A G Money, 130th Prince of Wales's Own Baluchis, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan for employment as an officiating Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.

With the approval of the Secretary of State for India an exchange is sanctioned between Captain Theodore Eardley-Wilmot, Indian Army 30th Garhwal Rifles, and Captain Ambrose Boxwell, The York and Lancaster Regiment.

Captain Boxwell is admitted to the Indian Army in the rank of Lieutenant.

Captain A T Kirkwood, Indian Army, has been granted by the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave on private affairs till the 18th June.

Second Lieutenant Edward G Gregson, Cavalry Branch, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, is promoted to the rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval.

The following promotions are mode, to be Colonel 31st March Lieutenant Colonel and Brevet Colonel Arthur Robert Dick, Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps. Captains to be Majors.—23rd May William Nelson Lushington, Supply and Transport Corps. Vincent Francis William Tregear. 98th Infantry. Lieutenants to be Captains. 17th May Ambrose Boxwell, 119th Infantry The Mooltan Regiment. 19th May, George Stuart Douglas, 18th Infantry. 23rd May John Moran, 11th Rajputs. Francis Henry Humphrys, Political employ. Cyprian Edward Borton, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis. John Sterndale Bennett, 107th Pioneers Arthur Pemberton Harrison, 116th Mahrattas. Henry Hubert Dawson, 75th Carnatic Infantry. Eugene Percy Forrest Shine, 116th Mahrattas. Henry Law Harkness, Supply and Transport Corps. Robert John Wingfield Heale, Political employ. George Lumley Whatford, 66th Punjabis. Leo Francis Bodkin, 112th Infantry. 26th May. Clement Lee Cobban, 43rd Erinpura Regiment, Morrell Andrew Girdlestone, 41st Dogras. John Aloysius Brett, 116th Maharattas. James Farquhar Todd, 39th Prince of Wales's Own Central India Horse. John Duncan McIntyre Flood, 58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force.)

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

The following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the dates stated :—To be Engineers, Assistant Engineer George Noake Rowe, from 18th May, Assistant Engineer William George Horley, from 20th May.

Assistant Engineer G. A. Smeaton, Royal Indian Marine, was permitted to resign his appointment in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 12th May.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

Mr E Way, Temporary Engineer, (under covenant), Nagda Muttra Railway, is transferred to the North Western Railway.

Mr V T Jansen, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is appointed Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, and Superintendent of Local Manufactures for State Railways, Bombay.

Mr W McHutchin, Chief Engineer, 1st class, temporary rank, (Supernumerary), is permitted to retire from the service of Government under the provisions of Article 650 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 24 th May.

Mr. H T Gwyther, Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, North Western Railway. is permitted to retire from the service of Government with effect from the 4th June.

THE NEED FOR CLOSER IMPERIALISM.

Australian Governor's Views

His Excellency Admiral Sir Frederick Bedford, the Governor of Western Australia, accompanied by Lady Bedford, who have left for England via Singapore, Japan, and Canada, were the recipients of a cordial public farewell on the eve of their departure. Sir Frederick has completed the customary term of six years as Governor. He has seen fifty-seven years in the service of the State, having entered the Navy when fourteen years old.

In an interview with the Perth representative of "The Standard of Empire," his Excellency gave some impression of his term of office. "One thing," he said, "has come home to me with great force—namely, that it is absolutely necessary for the maintenance of the Empire that some means shall be devised whereby the voice of the outlying dependencies of the Empire shall be heard at the centre. It seems to me not only essential that the different parts of the Empire should be connected with the Motherland, but that they should be brought closer to each other.

"I am sure in my own mind that this will have to come, and that some system must be devised by expert and acute minds whereby in the great matters which concern all there shall be some general voice and general authority without impairing local freedom in questions which are not distinctly of Imperial range. Of course, I perceive the difficulties, but I believe that with thought and ingenuity these can be overcome.

"These young nations outside Great Britian are growing in importance and power, their population is expanding, and naturally in time comes a feeling of national pride, and also a natural ambition. Australia is very loyal—remarkably so—but I cannot help feeling that as time goes on the growth of local nationality, which is in itself a very proper and commendable thing, may come to overshadow the Imperial sentiment if these young States are not permitted to feel in a more substantial way than is now the case that they are a part of a greater political scheme, in the shaping of which they have an effective say. There is no doubt that at the present time the affection of the people of Australia for his Majesty the King, who is a constitutional link between all parts of the Empire, together with the bond of kinship between them and the people of Great Britain, is a strong stimulus to patriotic and Imperial sentiment.

"But I cannot help realising that as nations grow and begin to experience a sense of dignity and importance, the desire for independence arises if there is no immediate and visible evidence of common interest and of equal or proportionate power. As an example of what this sense of common interest and responsibility, together with mutual communication and consultation, will do, I may remark that every time there has been an Imperial Conference some step has been taken forward in the development of Imperial communication and of a common understanding or in awakening the consciousness throughout the Empire of the desirableness of a closer connection.

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COONOOR.

COONOOR, 23RD MAY.—Once more the annual Bazaar is an event of the past, and it has proved a huge financial success, thanks to the untiring energy and generosity of Mrs. H. A. Byng, who was the promoter and organiser. Lady Barrow and Miss Barrow motored down from Ootacamund and lunched with Mrs. Byng at the Club. After lunch, a move was made into the Rink, where the Bazaar was held. The Bishop of Tinnevelly and Madura spoke for a few minutes on the object of the Holiday Home, of Mrs. Elwes's great interest in its welfare, of the amount of money she had collected, and of how much was wanted in the near future. The Bishop then turned to Lady Barrow and requested her to open the Bazaar. After doing so, Lady Barrow and her daughter went round the hall making many purchases at the different stalls.

Coonoor, 24th May.—There were a great many people at Saturday's Races, all the ladies had donned their best frocks, and the lawn presented a pretty appearance. The Club tent was crowded with lunch parties. Colonel Walker and the Officers of the Border Regiment and Major R. O. Cumberland and the Officers of the Depot were again "At Home" for afternoon tea in their respective tents. H. E. the Governor, Lady Lawley and the Misses Lawley motored down from Ootacamund in time for the first race. H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore, H. H. the Gaekwar of Baroda and the Rajah of Vizianagram were also present.

MYSORE.

Mysore, 28th May.—There is no truth in the rumour that H. E. the Viceroy will pay a visit to Mysore in the month of July, but it is possible that the visit will take place about the end of the present year.

H. H. the Maharanee (late Regent), H. H. the Maharanee and party arrived here from Ootacamund on the evening of the 25th instant by special train and were accorded a public reception. On the following day H. H. the Maharajah and the Yuvaraj, together with Mr. R. H. Campbell, I. C. S., Private Secretary, reached Mysore in motor cars at about 12-30 noon, leaving Ootacamund early in the morning. Preparations for the celebration of the 28th birthday of His Highness are approaching completion, the festivities in that connection commencing on Sunday next. In the morning the Birthday Durbar will be held in the Ambavilas Totti, the procession and the review of troops taking place in the evening. The Indian and European guests have already commenced to arrive at the capital.

OOTACAMUND.

Ootacamund, 29th May.—In the Ladies' Golf Championship yesterday, Miss. Morgan beat Mrs. Marjoribanks after a close game, by 3 up and 2 to play, thus retaining her title. The Team Championship produced a magnificent struggle and some very good golf was seen. Madras wrested the Cup from the holders, but only by the narrowest of margins. Results:—Madras, Morrison beat Tait (Bangalore) by 5 up; Greig lost to Boyd, 3 down; Partridge beat Colonel Aitken by one on the thirty-seventh brown; Downing lost to Barstow by one hole. The matches won on either side being equal, the result was in favour of Madras by two holes.

COIMBATORE.

Coimbatore, 26th May.—A highway robbery was committed, on the evening of Sunday last, by a gang of men on the road from Injur to Sennimalai, within a mile from the former, which is a Railway Station. The victims were four cattle-dealers of Vellacoil returning from the weekly market at Perundurai. These men were watched by the gang that perpetrated the crime, while transacting their business at the market. The cattle-dealers were about to stop in the village for the night on their way home. It is alleged, however, that the gang prevailed upon them not to stop but to accompany them. Just before dark the gang, close to an "itteri," suddenly fell upon the dealers and inflicted severe wounds on two of them, by beating them with an iron rod on their heads. They cut off a third dealer's ears for his earrings and crushed another's fingers for his rings, and a fourth was badly beaten with sticks. The amount alleged to have been taken by the dacoits is Rs. 291-4 and some jewels.

OLYMPIA HORSE SHOW.

King's Cup Attracts Many Officers.

In deciding to give the King Edward VII. Cup for the jumping competition between international military teams at the coming great Horse Show at Olympia, his Majesty has been proved by the entries to have hit upon the most popular event for the premier decoration of the show. Apart from British officers, the following are the numbers of the military officers who have already entered as competitors from the different countries:—Belgium, 12 officers, France, 8 officers, Italy, 6 officers, Holland, 6 officers, Spain, 5 officers; Canada, 3 officers; Norway, 3 officers; Germany, 2 officers; Argentina, 5 officers and 5 non-coms.

While the entries generally show a very marked advance on last year, being estimated at present at about 1,500, as opposed to last year's 1028, the International Horse Show has aroused the keenest interest among British officers. Entries for the jumping competition this year have been so numerous that it has been decided to arrange for heats at the preceding Military Tournament as a means of eliminating some of the entries and to select the British team finally on the results of the form shown at the tournament. The foreign military officers have arranged to appear exclusively at Olympia, and not to show anywhere else during their visit to this country.

Quite apart from the jumping competition and the enterprising interest that has been taken in it by the War Office, the military element will be extremely well represented this year. A special Territorial cup has been offered for competition to teams of three officers or men of the Territorials. The course will include a number of jumps modelled on those met with in typical hunting country. The Connaught Gold Challenge Cup will be given for British officers on similar lines to the King Edward VII. Gold Cup offered for international competition.

Several innovations are being introduced as a result of the experience gained by the stewards last year, especially in the character of the jumps that are being provided. Italy has been drawn upon for the event known as the "pianoforte," which consists of a moat, a rampart and a stone wall. Interesting developments are expected at this jump for nothing of the sort has come within the experience of English horses or English riders. Another type of jump that is to be introduced in the show this year is the so-called "posts and rails," consisting of three obstacles 12ft. apart. The obstacles are built up of tree trunks piled one upon another and are expected to constitute a valuable test for cross-country riders. Now that the innovation has been suggested, it is thought to be curious that this particular variety of jump has not been long ago introduced.

A purely administrative reform has been introduced to avoid what proved a source of friction last year. Several of the foreign officers objected to entering for competition with grooms, "instead of with gentlemen, as in the invitation." Influenced, presumably, by Carlyle's disquisition on clothes, the directors have decided that, if a gentleman prefers not to mount his horse in person, his groom shall be allowed to do so, but "only when attired in tall hat and black morning coat." The pious hope is implied that this provision will adequately meet any objections that may be raised. Another precaution that has been taken in view of last year's experience is a very careful discrimination between the professional and the amateur, so as to prevent any chance of amateurs entering into competition with professionals.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mr. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers everywhere.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

DRESS OF THE DAY IN PARIS.

"To vary is to live" seems to be the motto of the day, and we are living at a furious pace so far as fashions go. The promised "paniers," says a Paris Fashion writer, are not seen except in the models, but Redfern's robe "Dagobert" is the recipient of the sincerest flattery, which is said to be imitation. The cuirass, rounded, square, or pointed, in embroidery, gold lace, or braided with the favourite and expensive rat's-tail chenille, is the fashionable gown just now. The skirt, sometimes plain, sometimes gathered, is of some very light fabric, such as silk muslin or toile de soie. The dress alone is often trimmed to simulate a cuirass, and the skirt is reduced to two or three panels, or it is simply opened on the left side. Many of the new skirts are thus open on the left side in imitation of the Directoire gowns. Dress is at present divided into two distinct classes, one comprising light and filmy materials, like silk voile, light makes of crepe de Chine, and transparent soft makes of grenadine. Light spotted foulards and Shantungs are also much in vogue, but they tend towards the heavier fabrics, such as silk, diagonal serge, new makes of moire, ribbed silk cachemire, and Natte de soie. The latest trimming is the very deep fringes with a "grillage" top in rat's-tail chenille. Nothing is more becoming to a stout figure, nothing more fatal to a slender one. These fringes edge the tunies and form berthes to the bodices. They weigh down the flimsy fabrics and cause them to drape around the feet. Many of our skirts are Byzantine in style, and the custom of veiling flowered or figured fabrics with over-dresses of gauze or net gives a curious and poetical touch to the whole toilette. The handsomest embroideries have this misty covering.

MILLINERY FOR CHILDREN.

Crude colours are in the ascendant. A dress of royal blue will have a bodice of rich orange. Puce or "raisin de Corinthe" is relieved by soft touches of Nattier blue. All skirts are made with very small trains. Many dresses are quite as short as those of last year. Children's hats are the prettiest things in Fashionland this season. They take the form of demure little Quaker bonnets and miniature cabriolets. The darlings' faces look most fetching in their quaint coiffures; sometimes on the brim of a Leghorn or Tagal, a single hand-made satin rose is dropped as if by chance, as only a white satin ribbon trims the shape itself. The straws are as varied as they are curious. Helmets, turbans Normandy caps, Napoleonic chapeaux, or marquise three-cornered hats are made not only of straw, but of flannel, oilskin, crepe de Chine, and suede kid. Tartan ribbons figure in the Lilliputian millinery together with the tiniest of flowerets and cherries and strawberries the size of currants. Little girlies of five and six years of age wear their skirts very short; this, with their low waistbands and starched petticoats, gives a Spanish swing to their walk, which makes them look most fascinating. The Champs Elysees are the happy hunting ground where the children are to be found in all their bravery. Short frocks of Stuart tartan in silk poplin and scarlet frocks of cachemire or cloth are much worn. The tailor-made coats are of the Directoire order and are fitted with the same recherche perfection we admire in their elders. French children are precocious little beings, whose searching black eyes look alarmingly, worldly wise. For this reason they can wear a more set style of garment than their English cousins. Shoes and hose are most important factors in a French child's dress. The stockings are of fancy make. Tartan is a favourite design, and in summer socks are much adopted. The shoes are made to fit comfortably, but they are not made large enough to, "grow in," and to this we may attribute the fact that French girls have small feet!

NOVELTIES A LA MODE.

White pique waistcoats are beginning to make their appearance with the tailormade coats, but the weather has been too unfavourable for them as yet. Toile de Jouy is replaced by "Indienne" and "Persane." The "Perse," as it is termed, is as fine as batiste. It is exquisitely printed and worked with gold and copper threads. It will be used for trimming dresses like a galon, and for waistcoats, etc. The "pleureuses" feathers are no longer stuck together, but they are knotted to give a length no feather ever possessed. The hats with upturned brims at the back seem to have "caught on." They are trimmed with velvet bows or flowers. The crownless plateau is generally a mass of blooms, soft roses without foliage and golden acacias being blended together, toned by a note of black velvet ribbon over and under the brim. The very wide crowns are now hidden away by feathers or wings, and as the inside of the crown is made very small they sit on the head much more confortably. Black and white hats have just come in. They are intended to be worn with the linen gowns. They can be made to look very smart, but some have crowns like a backgammon board.

PRACTICALLY AT WAR WITH GERMANY.

Speaking at the fourteenth meeting of the Navy League in London on May 12, Lord Robert Cecil, alluding to the international situation, said there was a considerable element of seriousness in the relations subsisting between the principle Powers. The most outstanding feature was that one great Power had definitely challenged the position we had taken up in naval matters. For the safety of this country it was essential that we should maintain our undoubted supremacy at sea. That was not accepted, at any rate, by one of the great Powers, and we were now face to face with an essential difference of opinion with one of the most powerful nations in the world. That meant a great stress and strain for the country, and to meet it we must be prepared to employ all the resources available in England. Mr. Seymour Trower declared that we were practically at war with Germany. One day one of the two countries would tire of the competition, and then they might look for a thoroughly organised attack from Germany. Those who declined to make adequate preparation for the war which was to come as sure as to-morrow followed to-day were traitors. (Applause.) Lieut. Carlyon Bellairs, M. P., the chairman, said the Premier's promise to maintain the two-Power standard, plus ten percent., had been violated, and the demand should now be for the Government to lay down two keels for every one laid down by Germany.

FOREIGN CABLE COMMUNICATION.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.	Continent of Europe.	America.	Australia.	China.	Africa.
Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Teheran Perfect.	Via Brest Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Penang Perfect.	Via Aden Perfect.
Via Turkey Interrupted.	Via Turkey Perfect.	Via Valentia Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Amoor Perfect.	Via Cadiz Teneriffe Perfect.
Via Suez Perfect.	Via Suez Perfect.	Via Direct Cable Perfect.	......	Via Bhamo Perfect.	Via Lisbon St. Vincent Perfect.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 1st June 1909.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates.			Time Occupied in Transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hrs.	Mts.
Turkey ...	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Teheran ...	1	12	20 p. m.	1	47
Suez	1	13	30 p. m.	1	18

NOTICES.

Telegrams for Honduras, Salvador, Nicaragua and Costa-Rica are subject to censure (23-11-08).

Private telegrams for Messina may be accepted but telegrams for other places in Sicily are subject to heavy delay and can only be accepted at Sender's risk (12-1-09).

Turkish route interrupted (1-6-09).

BY THE WAY.

ABOUT BIG GAME.

Mr. E. B. Bronson, a hunter of many years' experience, supplies the "Century" with some of the characteristics of big game. By many sportsmen the African buffalo is considered a far more dangerous antagonist than the lion. Loving the shade and concealment of papyrus swamps, dense forests, and fifteen-feet-high elephant-grass, buffaloes are seldom seen until one is within a few yards, and often a few feet, of them. Herds of buffalo seldom charge a man deliberately; but when startled by the scent of the sportsman or by a shot, they stampede, and often come thundering straight upon the hunter, who is lucky indeed if rapid and close shooting turns them. The real danger with buffalo is with a wounded beast or in an encounter with a lone bull.

A DANGEROUS CUSTOMER.

While easily stalked, the rhinoceros is, Mr. Bronson goes on to point out, a dangerous customer. If he gets one's scent, he almost invariably charges, often, probably, from sheer curiosity; but that does not make him any the easier to dispose of. Moreover, he runs and turns at a speed inconceivable in a beast of his vast bulk. Against his massive sloping head the heaviest bullet is a mere flea-bite leaving no possibility of a stopping shot except with a hard-noseball sent fairly into the heart through the chest. An alternative is to stand absolutely motionless, when, with his bad eyesight, there is a possibility he may mistake you for a tree, and veer past. Indeed, the best ruse in the crisis of any charge is to stand fast and still.

ELEPHANTS AND LIONS.

The most exhausting and nerve-recking work of the African sportsman is, in Mr. Bronson's opinion, the pursuit of the elephant. As regards the lion, he seeks, as a rule, no trouble with man, and usually he will do all that comports with his kingly dignity to avoid it. At a man's approach often he will retire from feasting on a fresh kill. Seldom do lions become man-eaters, deliberate predatory raiders of villages or camps for human food, until so old that they find difficulty in taking even zebra their easiest prey, and through stress of hunger or by some happy chance have learned that man is easier and perhaps, tenderer. But once he gets that knowledge and the taste, woe to those whom he happens to come across.

HOW LONG WILL THE BIG GAME LAST.

Answering the question how long the big game in East Africa can last, Mr. Bronson replies: Certainly not more than four or five years in anything like its present abundance and easy reach. About 1,200,000 acres have already been taken up by white settlers, stock-raisers, and farmers, who find difficult, and in some places impossible, to maintain fences. Buffalo, and zebra especially, go through barb-wire like thread. As a result, settlers have been actively urging changes in the game laws to permit the shooting at will of trespassing game and recently the Governor, Colonel Sir James Hayes Sadler, said at a public dinner that public game preservation must not be permitted to impede the development of the country by white settlers. But Mr. Bronson does not believe that anyone now living will see African big game exterminated.

THE CHURCH OF THE "LANCASHIRE WITCHES."

Does anybody in these degenerate days read the vigorous novels of Harrison Ainsworth? The question is suggested by an appeal for funds to restore the ancient parish church at Whalley, which figures so prominently in the "Lancashire Witches." Apart from architectural merit as a fine specimen of the Early English style, this interesting old edifice, which has suffered sadly at different periods from fire and "restorers," possesses some valuable art-treasures. Among them are beautifully carved choir-stalls, which were rescued from ruined Whalley Abbey when the last Abbot was hanged by Henry VIII. for joining in the "Pilgrimage of Grace."

"LONDON'S LURE."

The contents of an interesting little volume with this title, giving a collection of passages in prose and verse written about London, compiled by Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Melville (Bell), leads off appropriately enough with an extract from Charles Lamb's oft-quoted letter to Robert Lloyd: Let them talk of lakes and mountains and romantic dales—all that fantastic stuff; give me a ramble by night, in the winter nights in London—the lamps lit—the pavements of the motley Strand crowded with to and fro passengers—the shops all brilliant and stuffed with obliging customers and obliged tradesmen—give me the old bookstalls of London—a walk in the bright Piazzas of Covent Garden. I defy a man to be dull in such places—perfect Mahometan paradises upon earth! "A mob of men is better than a flock of sheep," adds Lamb, "and a crowd of happy faces justling into the playhouse at the hour of six is a more beautiful spectacle to man than the shepherd driving his silly sheep to the fold."

A CONTRAST.

Lamb was by no means alone in his opinion. Charles Morris wrote:—

In town let me live then, in town let me die;
For in truth I can't relish the country, not I.
If one must have a villa in summer to dwell,
Oh, give me the sweet shady side of Pall Mall!

William Allingham thought differently. In his "Invitation to a Painter" he says:—

Flee from London, good my Walter! boundless jail of bricks and gas;
Weary purgatorial flagstones, dreary parks of burat-up grass.

Charlotte Bronte called London "a Babylon of a place," and Whyte-Melville spoke of it as "on the way to everywhere." "I have," he goes on to say, "an old friend—an honest Lincolnshire squire—who, paying his sister a visit in Norfolk, always goes and returns by London!"

LONDON FOG.

But London in all her aspects has been a theme of poets. Even a November fog has inspired their pens. Henry Lutterell asks:

Have you not seen (you must remember)
A fog in London—time November?
That non-descript elsewhere, and grown
In our congenial soil alone.
First, at the dawn of lingering day
It rises, of an ashy gray;
Then deepening with a sordid stain
Of yellow, like a lion's mane,
Vapour importunate and dense,
It wars at once with every sense,
Invades the eyes, is tasted, smelt,
And, like Egyptian darkness, felt.

Luttrell appealed to Chemistry to descend to the aid of the befogged Londoners and "Make all our chimneys chew the cud, Like hungry cows, as chimneys should." But the fogs remain.

KEW IN SUMMER TIME.

Mr. and Mrs. Melville's anthology contains references to many districts and aspects of the great city—to Dawn and Night, Hyde Park, and Piccadilly, the Abbey and St. Paul's, the City, the River, and much else beside. Among the "Ballads and Songs" quoted we find Mr. Noyes's "The Barrel-Organ."

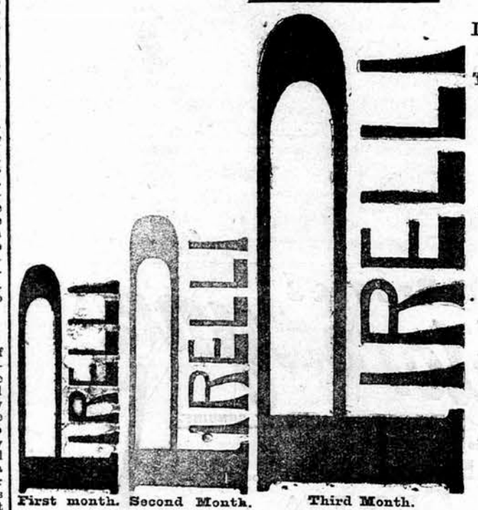
Go down to Kew in lilac-time, in lilac-time, in lilac-time,
Go down to Key in lilac-time (it isn't far from London!) And you shall wander hand in hand with love in summer's wonderland;
Go down to Kew in lilac-time (it isn't far from London!
The cherry-trees are seas of bloom and soft perfume, and soft purfume,
The cherry-trees are seas of bloom (and oh so near to London!)
And there they say, when dawn is high and all the world's a blaze of sky,
The cuckoo, though he's very shy, will sing a song for London.

Altogether, "London's Lure" is an excellent collection.

TURKEY'S WESTMINSTER ABBEY.

The Mosque of Eyoub, where Mohammed V. was invested with the sword of Osman, is sometimes termed "the Westminster Abbey of Turkey," for within its walls all save one or two of the long line of Ottoman Sultans have undergone the ceremony which corresponds to coronation. The Mosque, though not large, is a magnificent example of Oriental architecture, built of white marble and decorated with Persian tiles. It stands amid lovely groves at the extremity of the Golden Horn, and derives its name from Eyoub, friend and standard-bearer of the Prophet, who was killed at the first siege of Constantinople, and whose burial-place the Mosque is said to occupy. It is esteemed the holiest Mussulman temple in Europe, and remains to this day untrodden by non-Moslem feet.

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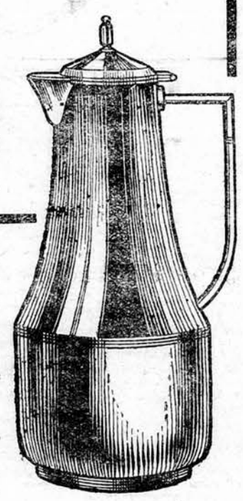
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BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

Mr. William Watson's letter to the "Times" has put writers upon reealling the names of mighty poets in their misery dead, and has incidentally opened up the general question of the various natural rewards of poetry. One of these is certainly money. Not that at the moment of composition the desire of profit can be an accelerating motive. A Dr. Johnson may dash off a "Rasselas" to defray the expenses of his mother's funeral, but poetry is not so written, and a poet does not write a sonnet simply because he wishes to have three guineas more to add to his gathering fund for a new typewriter. The more truly a poet is a poet the more he writes poetry because he likes to, and all the poet spoke in Keats when he wrote—"I feel assured I should write from the mere yearning and fondness I have for the beautiful, even if my night's labours should be burned every morning and no eye ever rest upon them." Nevertheless a poem once written is entitled to have a market value, and perhaps even those who at first have felt a shock at being remunerated—and there have been such—have by and by come to rejoice in that convention by which the world pays for what it takes a pleasure in, and have been well content that so aerial a thing as an utterance from the heart should be rewarded in the same crass coin as that in which men pay for a new hat or a net of onions. Another reward for which a poet naturally looks is popularity of some sort. It is allied to the other, for in the world of letters praise means pudding, and the more praise the more pudding. But it has besides a value of its own. It means sympathy, and implies the existence of a body of readers who are at one with the poet in the esteem he has for himself as an artist. Poets of a certain sort have valued this sort of reward so highly as to wish it to go on after their death. Moralists have jeered at the wish and reflected,

How vain that second life in others' breath,
The estate that wits inherits after death.

Francis Thompson has recently done so. "Posterity," exclaims Thompson, "posterity, which goes to Rome weeps large-sized tears, carves beautiful inscriptions over the tomb of Keats; and the worm must wriggle her curt say to it all, since the dear boy, wherever he be, has quite other gear to tend. Never a bone less dry for all the tears." Still the desire for posthumous fame exists, and in a neglected essay Hazlitt makes a guess why. It goes, he says, with taste rather than with genius. Writers of the sort who have conceived extreme pleasure from the works of their predecessors hope that their own work may survive to give like pleasure to others. Not all poets, however, are thus minded. There are they whose supreme pleasure is simply the active exercise of their own imagination, and they take no thought of any such "subjective immortality" Shakspere, Hazlitt decides, was one of those, and the wiser a man for it, because even in England "perhaps not one person in ten has ever heard of his name or read a syllable of his writings."

PAYMENT PER WORD.

It used to be found that writers to the press who were remunerated at the rate of a penny per line became in time great masters in the art of circumlocution, and it might be thought that if writers were paid by the word a like consequence would follow. It does not do so in the case, say, of Jack London. Everyone who has read "White Fang" knows that every word is indispensable. Yet his literary agents pay him by the word, and that at the handsome rate of ₹ 1/2d. As his output is 1,000 words a day, no doubt the mere task of keeping the wolf from the door vanishes and he can attend to style. Payment by word has its amusing side, however, and Charles Heath, in "Alice for Short," saw it. He "jotted down" short stories at a penny per word. But he was whimsical about it, and sometimes wrote in monosyllables that his employers might have nothing too good a bargain, and some times in polysyllables that the balance might be the other way. Moreover, he saw huge possibilities for this method. "He foresaw a time when literature would be paid by letters and spaces, the latter counting double, so as to ensure the maximum of ideas per line. Or, perhaps, he said, words will be paid for by the gross, at a special tariff for each word—for instance, "him" at threepence a gross, "her" at a shilling, love at tenpence; and regular good plummy words, such as "forever," "evermore," "sin," and so forth, at five shillings to half a sovereign."

MR. WATTS-DUNTON'S TARDINESS.

Those who read the prospectus of Harper's "Library of Living Thought" were pleased to notice among the books to be included in the series one by Mr. Watts-Dunton on "Poetic Adequacy in the Twentieth Century." When the first batch of three was issued, however, it was not one of them. The second batch of three is just intimated, and it is not one of them either. Nor, does it figure among those volumes that are advertised as impending; so that one may conclude that its publication has been indefinitely postponed Mr. Watts-Dunton's admirers have always had as much need of "patienza" as Walton's angler. Thus that volume of poems which appeared under the title of "The Coming of Love" stood on John Lane's list as early as 1894, but was not published until three years later. "Aylwin" in the same way was from time to time whispered about long before its appearance in 1898. It is almost two years since the public became expectant of "Carniola," and yet it has not even now put in an appearance. Moreover, last Christmas Mr. Watts-Dunton told his interviewer that he had a novel, presumably "Carniola," "in the press." Now if a book is already in the press at Christmas, it may reasonably be expected before the end of March following, yet it is now the second week of May, and it has not come yet. All this speaks, no doubt, of an infinte conscientious care spent on the printed proofs, and it is to be feared that the recent sad happenings at The Pines and the illness which has exiled the honoured author of "Aylwin" to the South of France will still further delay both the novel and the work on "Poenic Adequacy."

THE BIG NOVEL.

Another book that has been delayed is Mr. De Morgan's new novel. Readers were listening with "ears at full cock" last autumn for the announcement of its appearance. Later on we were told that the Italian earthquakes were making the author "jumpy" and retarding work. Later still a voice from America said the book would be out in the spring. It is still in the future. The growing bigness of Mr. De Morgan's books is noticeable. "Joseph Vance" and "Somehow Good" ran each to 528 well-filled pages, "Alice for Short" to 563, and the fourth member of the series is to be in two volumes. He has reintroduced the big novel. Before Mr. De Morgan appeared on the scene the favourite type of novel was coming to be one from which every superfluity was rigorously eliminated and the readers' attention kept focussed from beginning to end on a single action. This method produced work as pretty as "The Cardinal's Snuff-box," and one may hope it will never go quiet out of fashion. Mr. De Morgan's reaction against it is sometimes explained as a simple reversion to type. It is arguable, however, that if the long novel had not been invented already he would have invented it. After a lifetime of conversance with men of every social level, during which a singularly vigorous and observant mind had been automatically registering masses of interesting detail, he took to writing, and so brought to his talk a memory so full that it would have been torment for him to confine himself within the narrow limits of the popular novel.

THE "BROADSIDE."

The "Broadside," published monthly at the Cuala Press at Dundrum, in the County Dublin, fills an April number—published, with customary caution, early in May—with the usual three racy drawings by Mr. Jack Yeats (two of them hand coloured) and two pleasant samples of balladry. One of these is a translation by Lady Gregory from the Irish of An Chraoibhin. His name is not familiar to the general reader but he can write, or could. The other is the lay of Barney Buntling, expressing that mariner's famous compassion for the dangers occasioned to landsmen by falling tiles, chimney-pots, etc. during rough weather, and beginning—

"One night came on a hurricane,
The sea was mountains rolling,
When Barney Buntling turn'd his quid,
And said to Billy Bowling,
'A strong sou'wester's blowing Bill;
Can't you hear it roar now?
Lord help 'em, how I pities all
Unhappy folks on shore now!'"

The "Broadside" has now rollicked manfully, in its own ancient and honoured line of convention through eleven months of a year, and the first volume (if we are to kin! our numbers up like those of less terrific periodicals, may be said to be in the straight for home. It's a pity that R. L. Stevenson is not in a position to order it.



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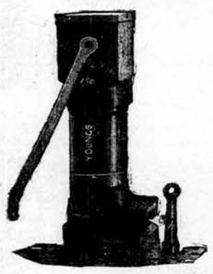
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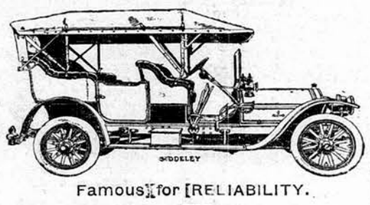
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